THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Editor and Proprietor.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday.

TERMS:

For one month, - - - - - - - - $1.00
For two months, - - - - - - - - 2.00
Three months, - - - - - - - - 3.00
Six months, - - - - - - - - 5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

Rosin Oil! Rosin Oil!!

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE GOT their Rosin Oil Factory again in operation, and are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch. They would call the attention of

Southern Railroad Cos. and Tanners,

particularly to this Oil, so extensively used by them during the war. A small quantity of,

LARD, TALLOW OR SPERM OIL,

added to the refined

ROSIN OIL,

renders it equal to the best Sperm for *Lubricating Purposes or for Leather,* at a cost of one third of the price of the latter. Their

Tanner's Oil

is warranted free from Naptha. This Oil is also extensively used for

PAINTING IN ALL COLORS,

and forms a more solid and durable coating than Linseed. It is especially recommended for all surfaces exposed to the weather.

All orders addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention.

MARTIN & HALLETT,

Dec 2 99-1m. Wilmington, N. C.

For Sale.

Carriage, Horses & Harness!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL A bargain in the above named, and also following articles:

1 Iron Safe. Good as when first made.
1 Cow, giving two gallons of milk, and has a calf.
4 barrels of good Flour.

All of the above will be sold cheap by early application. The Carriage and Harness is one of the best in the city of Raleigh, with Spring Cushions, and costing originally $150.

WM. H. CROW.

Raleigh, December 1 97-tf.

Pioneer Line of Steamers

FOR

Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, via Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal.

THE COMMODIOUS STEAMERS **PIONEER** and **Commodore Adams**, will leave Newberne for Norfolk on *TUESDAY* of each week at 8 o'clock A M, connecting with the different lines of steamers for the above named points. On and after the first day of December next they will leave on Tuesday and Friday of each week, making semi-weekly trips. Shippers of Goods will receive every facility and accommodation for the transportation of the same, as arrangements have been made with the different companies to forward goods to this line at low rates and without delay. Each of these steamers are capable of carrying

250 *TONS OF FREIGHT,*

through the canal without difficulty, as they were built expressly for the trade. They are fitted up with *STATE ROOMS* and *BERTHS* capable of accommodating thirty-five passengers. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of passengers, who will not be subject to the inconvenience of transfer to other vessels, but will be taken through direct without change.

The tables of the steamers are liberally supplied with the best the market affords. Families traveling will find it to their interest to take this line, as they will thereby escape the danger and discomfort of a sea route, and the fatigue of railroad travel.

On the 15th of December next, if the business of the line warrants it, the steamer *Williams* will be put on the route, and tri weekly trips will be made.

For freight or passage apply to Whitford, Dill & Co., Newbern, N C.

DAVID WILLIAMS, *Proprietor*

November 28-91-tf.

JOHN A. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office on Court House Square,

RALEIGH, N. C.

REFERENCES

Kidder and Martin, John Dawson, Levi Hart, } Wilmington, N. C.
O S Baldwin, J L Hathaway, Francis Leiber, LL D, } New York.
Raine & Jackson, Petersburg.

Raleigh, Nov. 24-92-1mpd.

HENSHAW & THORBURN.

COMMISSION & SHIPPING MERCHANTS,

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

☞ Business solicited. 74 6ms.

THOMAS & CO.,

Bankers,

No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL, ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.

Stocks, Bonds, &c., of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points, North, South and West.

Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount, [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.

ON HAND FOR SALE.

$300,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100 000 Seven Thirties, [different series.]
$50,000 Five-Twenties, ['62, '64 and '65 issues [
$50 000 One-Year Certificates. Nov 16 85-tf

FOR RENT.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR renting the Store and rooms belonging to the Methodist Book Stock Publishing Company until Saturday 16th inst.

WM CUNNIGGIM, Agent.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, MONDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1865. NO. 111.

NEW GOODS.

New Line Opened! Makes Two Trips to the Old Line's One!

A. CREECH HAS JUST RETURNED FROM the North, where he has bought his second supply of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Embracing the various New Styles of the Season, together with Ladies' Cloaks, Long Shawls, Breakfast Shawls, Ladies and Misses' Hoods, Ladies and Misses' Hoop Skirts, Ladies and Misses' Balmoral Shoes, Gent's Boots and Shoes, Boys, Youths and Children's Boots and Shoes. Felt Hats, the Derby, the Dasher, the Planter's wide brim, and other styles for Men's wear. Boys, Youths and Children's Hats. Wood and Willow Ware, Crockery and Glass Ware, and a superior lot of Family Groceries.

Take my stock altogether, I have one among the largest and most desirable and complete stocks of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods in the City.

Now, allow me to say that I bought my Goods to sell, and they must and shall be sold; but I don't expect to take a piece of poetry in one hand and a full grown humbug in the other and climb up to the clouds and fish out the birds of Paradise and gently bring them down with a placard stuck on their backs, "Selling out at Cost! selling out at cost!" No, I deal in no such humbug. I keep no such a class of Goods. I keep no time worn, shelf-rubbed, defaced or dusty Goods—dust so thick you can rub it off with a knife. My Goods are all new, and of good styles, and I intend to sell them as low as anybody that bought goods with the expectation of paying for them, and the man that sold the goods to the man that don't intend to pay for them, is a fool—and the man that sells them is a rascal. Now this is plain talk, but 'tis no slip of the tongue. I mean what I say, and say what I mean. I have lived here and sold goods here for twenty years. I expect to remain here. I pay my taxes to support Institutions of the City, County and the State. I expect to continue to do so. I respectfully ask my old customers, my old friends and new ones to call and examine my stock. I will deal with you honest and treat you right. If I don't sell you goods as cheap as you can buy the same class of goods elsewhere I don't expect you to buy. Call at the R. Smith building, house formerly occupied by Creech & Litchford, Merchants and Auctioneers.

A. CREECH.

Raleigh, Nov. 29-96-tf.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE.

MURFREESBORO, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION WERE resumed on the first Wednesday of October last, under the following

FACULTY:

——, President and Prof. Mor. Phil.
Rev. John Williams, A. M., Prof. Lat. Lang. and Literature.
Wm M Jones, A M, Prof. Nat. Sci. and Math.
——. Prof Mod. Lang. and Music.
Miss Sallie M Cross, Asst. in higher Lang. and Mathematics.
Miss Mollie Southall, Music.
——, Steward.

The building has been renovated and necessary supplies obtained for the accommodation of a large number of pupils. Charges as before the war.

TERMS, per session of twenty weeks, payable in currency, one-half in advance; the remainder at the end of the session:

English Branches,	$18 00
Ancient and Modern Languages—each,	7 00
Music—Piano and Guitar—each,	20 00
Use of Piano,	3 00
Use of Guitar,	2 00
Drawing, Embroidery, Wax work, &c—each	10 00
Oil Painting,	20 00
Painting in pastel and water colors,	12 00
School room expenses,	2 00
Lectures, and use of apparatus,	2 50
Board, including everything,	82 50

The blanks will be filled at an *early* date.

For additional information, address:

REV. JOHN WILLIAMS,
President (*pro tem*) W. F. College,
Murfreesboro, N C.
W. N. H. SMITH,
President Board of Trustees.

* Application for the chair will be received.

Dec. 6-102-tjan1.

OFFICE CHATHAM RAILROAD CO., RALEIGH, Dec. 8th, 1865.

Sale of

CARTS, WHEEL-BARROWS, &C, AT PAGE'S, WAKE CO., N. C.

ON TUESDAY THE 2ND OF JANUARY, 1866, will be sold at Auction at Pages Station, Wake county, N. C., a number of

WAGONS,
CARTS,
WHEEL BARROWS,
LOT OF TOOLS, &C.

—ALSO—

A lot of valuable Mules, and property of the Chatham Railroad Company.

Farmers will do well to lay in a supply. Terms, 6 months credit. Deduction of 6 per cent. for cash.

K. P. BATTLE,
President.

D. G. CONN, Agent.

Dec. 11-105 law tds.

OFFICE CHATHAM RAILROAD CO., RALEIGH, Dec. 8th, 1865.

Sale of

WAGONS, CARTS, &C., AT HAYWOOD, CHATHAM COUNTY, N. C.

ON WEDNESDAY THE 27TH DECEMBER, 1865, will be sold at Auction, Haywood, Chatham Co., N. C., a large number of

WAGONS,
CARTS,
HARNESS,
WHEEL-BARROWS,
SHOVELS, &C

Also, Property of the Chatham Railroad Company. Farmers will do well to lay in a supply. Terms, 6 months credit. Deduction of 6 per cent. for cash.

K. P. BATTLE,
President.

D. G. CONN, Agent.

Dec. 11 105-law tds.

C. W. WESTBROOK, G. W. ALBRIGHT

Westbrook & Albright,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FRUIT TREES,

GRAPE VINES,
EVERGREENS,
FLOWERS,
Shrubbery, and Vegetable and Flower Seed.

WASHINGTON STREET,

Greensboro, N. C.

Standard Trees for Orchards and Dwarf Trees of all kinds for Gardens, with a choice variety of small fruits, etc., etc. List of prices sent to applicants, gratis.

Greensboro, Dec. 9-104-1m. pd.

Classical and Mathematical School.

OXFORD, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF J. H. HORNER'S Classical and Mathematical School,

Will commence the Second Monday in January.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,

WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,

PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!

JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.

HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.

Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs,) Wilmington, N. C.

Dec. 4-10 -tf.

Davenport Female College.

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will be resumed on Monday, the 26th of February, 1866, with a full corps of instructors. This institution is delightfully situated at Lenoir, twelve miles from Icard's Station on the Western Extension.

TERMS.

Board for twenty weeks,	$ 0 00
Tuition in English branches,	20 00
Music and use of Piano,	22 50
Drawing,	8 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Latin, Greek, French and German, each;	5 00

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Tuition in first class,	12 50
Tuition in second class,	15 00
Contingent fee to be paid by each student, on entering the College,	2 00

For circular, address until 1st of February,

REV. J. R. GRIFFITH,
Ansonville, N. C.

P S. All of the above prices are to be paid in specie or its equivalent. dec 14 108—3ms.

HORSE TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP AT MY HOUSE ON FRIDAY MORNing last, a small sorrel mare, roached like a pony, with a small white spot on the forehead and white on her nose.

The owner can have her by proving his property and paying all expenses. I live 5 miles from Raleigh.

C. RABON.

Wake Co. Dec. 11-105 1w.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL.

RALEIGH, N. C.

RIGHT REV. THOS. ATKINSON, D. D., Visitor.
REV. ALBERT SMEDES D.D., Rector.
REV. BENNETT SMEDES, Assistant.

THE 47TH TERM OF THIS SCHOOL WILL COMmence January 17th, 1866, and continue twenty weeks.

Application for admission, and for full information, should be made promptly to the Rector.

December 13, 1865 106 tf.

JNO. KING, JNO. WHITELAW, WM. PEAT.

MONUMENTS! MONUMENTS!

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

King, Whitelaw & Co.,

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR OLD friends and the citizens of the State generally, that having re-opened their MARBLE AND STONE WORKS, on the burnt block, at

Maunder's Old Stand, Fayetteville St.,

they are now prepared to furnish

MONUMENTS,
VAULTS,
HEAD STONES,
SLABS,
MARBLE MANTLES, &c.

Having associated with us one of the best CARVERS IN THE COUNTRY, and from the arrangements we have made, we flatter ourselves that we can furnish all work in our line as cheap as it can be done in any Northern city, for proof of which, call and examine our large variety of designs and our list of prices.

We are also prepared to furnish

WINDOW SILLS,
WINDOW CAPS,
DOOR STEPS, &c., &c.

And to contract for all kinds of

STONE CUTTING AND STONE MASONRY.

KING, WHITELAW & CO.

REFERS TO

Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq., Rev. Dr. Mason, D. D
J. M. Heck, Esq., B. P. Williamson & Co.
Briggs & Dodd, K. P. Battle, Esq.

September 30-47-3m.

COOKE'S HOTEL

IS open, and those who are travelling and wish comfortable quarters and good eating, stop at Cooke's. My terms will be as moderate as possible for the times. You will always find conveyance at the depot to take you to either of the Hotels in this City; but be sure to inquire for Cooke's, where you will get *good lodging, good eating, sin ral water* to drink, and a *pipe* to smoke if you wish it.

I will be prepared to accommodate 15 or 20 members of the approaching Convention.

GEO. T. COOKE.

September 1, 1865 23 tf.

Select School.

MISS M. MITCHELL AND MRS. E N. GRANT, Proprietresses receiving into their family, as pupils, a few young Ladies. Terms made known on application by letter or otherwise. The next session will commence January 15th, 1866.

Chapel Hill, Nov. 11-91-tf.

TURNBULL, RIACH AND MURDOCH.

16 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE. | 7 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarn, Sheetings and Osnaburgs, Wool and Woolen Goods.

REFERENCES:

Chas. P. Mallett, Esq.,	Chapel Hill.
Chas. B. Mallett, Esq.,	Fayetteville.
Geo. W. Williams & Co.,	Fayetteville.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq.,	Greensboro.
James Sloan, Esq.,	Greensboro.
Thomas R. Tate, Esq.,	Charlotte.
R. Mickle, Esq., Cashier Union Bank,	Baltimore.

October 2-48-1y.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N C, November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of

Whitford, Dill & Co.,

for the transaction of a Shipping and General

Commission Business,

in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and State and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States, and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.

JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.

November 29, 1865 96 tf.

MORE GOODS

AT

44 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

IN ADDITION TO OUR LARGE STOCK OF HARDWARE and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, we have received another lot of

BUGGY MATERIAL

Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Enamelled Cloths, Dash and Collar Leather, Bands, Clips, Shafts, &c.

—ALSO—

Rogers & Brother's Celebrated "heavy plated on Albatta."

Spoons and Forks.

Wright, Brother & Co.'s make of Umbrellas.

Bed Screws, Bedstead Joints, Tubs, Buckets, Trays, Waiters, Door Mats, Foot Scrapers, Brooms, Brushes, Spittoons.

A new Washing Machine, Well Buckets, Wheels and Rope.

Conductors, Punches, Bell Cord for Rail Road Cars, Couplings, &c.

Paints, Varnishes and Oils, Kerosene Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks.

Cooking Stoves of the best patterns.

Pocket and Table Cutlery in great variety—and Irons, Shovels and Tongs, Pots, Ovens, Spiders Kettles, &c.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
50-3m. WITH HART & LEWIS.

HART & LEWIS,

(Established in 1853.)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TIN,
COPPER AND SHEET IRON,
COOKING STOVES,
—AND—
HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS

NEWBERN, N. C.

MIDDLE STREET.

A Boarding House.

Mrs. M. J. Fentress,

No 15 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH,

CAN ACCOMMODATE FROM 12 TO 14 MEMBERS of the Legislature with good large rooms, cheap Boarding, and the positive assurance that nothing shall be left undone to secure their personal comfort and convenience. Those interested in securing a home for a short time, will please make early application.

Raleigh, November 15 84-6m.

A. KLINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

BEST IMPORTED WINES & BRANDIES,

AND LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS.

GROCERIES &c., &c.,

Corner of Fayetteville and Harget Sts.,

au 8-5m RALEIGH, N. C.

VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

ON THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, THE SUBscribers will sell at auction, for cash, the site on the Cape Fear River at Fayetteville, where the Clarendon Bridge formerly stood, including Toll House, the Land on both sides of the River, Piers, and what ever is left of the property. The sale will be made on the express condition that the purchaser is to build a new, double-track, covered bridge, the length of which will be six hundred feet or thereabout.

The site is very desirable to persons having the necessary capital for the work to be done. There is no bridge now on the river. The investment of money in this contemplated work, so near as it is to a large market town, must prove largely remunerative.

E. J. LILLY,
A. A. McKETHAN,
THOS. McDANIEL,
J. J. SHEPHERD.

Nov. 13-95-tds.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

MRS. M. A. E RAMSAY WILL ACCOMMODATE Gentlemen Boarders with meals at $16 per week. Residence near B. F. Moore, Esq., fronting Nash square.

She is also prepared to make up Dresses or do other needle work in good style.

Raleigh, Nov. 21-89-tf.

JOS. W. CARROLL, JOS. HOY, J. S. NIVEN

JOSEPH HOY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO 126 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

CARROLL, HOY & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

NO. 35 PERDIDO STREET,

New Orleans.

REFER TO

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
C. B. HARRISON, ESQ.,
B. F. MOORE, ESQ.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Oct. 17th, 1865 81-3m.

Select Boarding School for Young Ladies.

MRS. PENDER IS PREPARED TO OPEN A School for young ladies, at her residence near Salem, N. C. The location is healthy, retired and pleasant. Arrangements are being made to secure the services of competent assistants, and every facility will be afforded for the cultivation of the hearts and minds of the young ladies placed under her charge.

As the number of pupils is limited, application must invariably be made in advance.

The first session will begin on the eight of January 1866, closing on the tenth of June following. For particulars, address MRS. M. F. PENDER,

Salem, Forsythe County, N. C.

October 30 89-3ms.

William K. Barham,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL COURTS of Wake, Franklin, Nash, and Johnston Counties, and in the Supreme Court of North Carolina

Special attention will be given to Conveyancing and Office Practice generally, and to the settlement and collection of claims.

Office on Fayetteville Street, No. 4b.

Oct. 21-85-tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

I WILL SELL ONE HALF OR TWO THIRDS OF that valuable property, Piedmont Springs in Burke County, N. C., to any man who will reside upon the premises and give it his entire attention.

There is a gold mine upon the premises which will pay as well to work as any probably in the State. Superior water power for driving machinery. Climate and water unsurpassed, and a large quantity of superior timber. The buildings now and will accommodate 150 persons.

The soil is well adapted to the culture of the grasses, fruits, and the vine.

By a man of energy and capital, a fortune can be made here in a few years. Address,

E C LINDSAY, Norfolk, Va.

November 25 93-3taw2m

DENTISTRY.

J. S. MICHARD,

SURGEON DENTIST,

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Goldsboro' and vicinity. Having had fifteen years' experience in the city of Richmond, Va., feels confident of being able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

Artificial Teeth inserted from one to an entire sett, on Gold, Silver, or the Vulcanite Base. Extracting, Filling, and all other operations performed in the best manner.

All orders left with Mr. D. C. Carrington, Goldsboro, or Dr A. F. Telfair, Smithfield, will be promptly attended to.

Goldsboro, 50 3m.

PETER MALLETT,

General Commission

AND

SHIPPING MERCHANT,

NO 23 NORTH WATER ST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES, Lumber, and other Produce for Sale or Shipping, respectfully solicited. Liberal advancements made.

☞ Orders promptly executed.

Nov 25—93-3ms.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MISS MANGUM, will open the seventh session of her School for young ladies, at the residence of her Mother, Mrs. Willis P. Mangum, on the 18th of January 1866.

Only a limited number of pupils can be received. They will find a home in her Mother's family. For particulars apply to

MISS M P. MANGUM.
Flat River Orange Co., N. C.

Nov. 18-87 3m

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

June 27, 1865. 21—6m.

Watson's New Photograph Gallery.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD OF informing the citizens of North Carolina, that he has recently taken, renovated and refitted the Gallery formerly occupied by E. Hunt, where he is prepared to make all kinds of pictures in his line, from the smallest miniature to a life size Portrait in oil. None shall have an excuse for sending work in his line out of the State to be done. A call is solicited. J. W. WATSON.

Raleigh, October 4-80-3m.

DR. W. R. JONES

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Raleigh.

Office over P. E. Pescud's Drug Store.

Can be found at night at the residence of Rev. J. M. Atkinson.

Raleigh, November 2, 1865 73 3m pd.

FOR RENT.

THE LATE RESIDENCE OF A. M. LEWIS—A large and comfortable house, with eight rooms and a basement dining room, kitchen, servants and carriage house, stables, and all necessary out houses, and four acres of land, containing a large garden, and nursery of choice fruit trees, handsome oak grove and excellent water on the premises. Apply to Baker, Cowper & Co., or W. H. JONES, Agent.

Raleigh, November 21-86-tf.

J. Q. A. BARHAM. W. K. BARHAM.

BARHAM & BROTHER,

AUCTION

AND

Commission Merchants

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASSOCIATED themselves in business, and have established an AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE AND GENERAL AGENCY,

for the sale and purchase of all kinds of property, collecting claims, &c.

One of the firm being a practising lawyer, will give legal advice, examine and adjust titles, draw conveyances and attend to professional business generally, both in and out of the Courts. We will be found at our office on Fayetteville Street, one door above C. M. Farris' Store.

J. Q. A. BARHAM.
W. K. BARHAM.

Raleigh, October 6-82-tf.

LOOKING GLASSES at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

DRESSING COMBS at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

The Children not Forgotten.

DOLLS FROM 25 CENTS TO $8 00, at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

GENUINE DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO, at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, ETC., at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

PERSONS VISITING RALEIGH, AS WELL AS citizens, are invited to call in at 44 Fayetteville Street and see the *variety of useful articles.*

D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, October 9, 1865 84-tf.

A Rare Opportunity.

WE WISH TO SELL OUR TOBACCO FACTORY and Lot in the town of Mocksville, Davie Co., N. C, together with a capital set of Machinery, viz: Two Hydraulick Pumps, one entirely new, and two Hydraulick Presses, one for sharpening and one for prizing in boxes, three sets 12 inch Iron Shearers, that work 144 lumps each, and the best paten Retainers for each, and six box Retainers with a complete set of shrouds and bands with other machinery necessary for doing a large business. The Retainers run on Rail Road, conveniently arranged.

—ALSO—

Twenty thousand pounds fine leaf tobacco. Also one large Store House and Lot, with good Cellar, Warehouse and Stables.

This property being located in the heart of a fine tobacco growing district, offers inducements to purchasers but seldom met with.

CAIN & BROWN,
Mocksville, N. C.

Dec. 9 104-aw6t.

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,
Sycamore Street, Petersburg.

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,
79 Main Street, Richmond.

BRANCH, SONS & CO.,
Augusta, Ga.

Bankers and Commission Merchants.

DEALERS IN COIN, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Exchange, Southern Bank Notes, Stocks and Bonds.

☞ Interest allowed on Deposites. Collections made throughout the United States, and special attention given to the redemption of Southern Bank Notes for Banks' account.

☞ Liberal advancements made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and other products to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, Bremen and Antwerp.

They hold $100,000 Notes of the various North Carolina Banks which they will furnish at fair rates to parties wishing to purchase to pay old necessitate notes to the Banks. Dec 9-99 3m.

Lincolnton Female Seminary.

LINCOLNTON NORTH CAROLINA.

Rev. S. Lander, A. M., Principal.

THE SPRING SESSION, 1866, will begin on Monday, Jan 1st, and continue 20 weeks. Competent teachers are engaged for the several departments, and we confidently appeal to the liberal public for a generous patronage.

RATES PER SESSION.—Board, exclusive of lights (payable in advance,) $50,00; Regular Tuition, $15.00, $20.00 $ 25.00; Piano Lessons, $25.00; Use of Piano, $5.00.

Pupils received at any time, and charged accordingly.

Nov. 18-tf.

Sale!

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH DECEMBER, I will sell at the late residence of Dr. R. K. Plummer, one mile south of Ridgeway, on the Raleigh and Gaston R. R., to the highest bidder:

100 fat hogs, 150 out hogs.
50 sheep.
20 horses and mules, among them 2 excellent Brood Mares.
5 yoke oxen.
30 head cattle.
500 bbls. corn, 40,000 lbs oats.
75,000 lbs fodder, a lot of shucks and peas, 500 bushels wheat.
10 barrels family flour.
2 wheat reapers and 2 wheat threshers.
A fan mills, farming implements, household and kitchen furniture, &c., &c.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, and continue until all is sold. Terms cash.

K. PLUMMER,
R. T. ARRINGTON,
Executors.

Warren, county, Nov 28th, 1865.

Dec. 5-101-tds.

Notice to Merchants!

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE arrangements to have a regular line of sailing vessels between Baltimore and Wilmington, N. C., to start immediately. Persons purchasing goods in Baltimore, can rely upon the certainty of getting them forward with dispatch, and those who wish to ship Produce can do so by applying to

E. KIDDER & SON,
No 10 Water Street, Baltimore.

Also Agents for

Atlantic Steamers.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Editor.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1865.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month,	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

THE PEOPLE must be trusted with their Government, and if trusted, my opinion is that they will act in good faith, and restore their former constitutional relations with all the States composing the Union.—*Andrew Johnson's Letter to Gov. Sharkey, of Mississippi.*

The Legislature.

It will be seen that little was done in the Legislature on Saturday. A good portion of the day, there was not a quorum in the Senate. In the House, the Judiciary committee reported that those officers, such as Superintendent of Public Schools, Trustees of the University &c., who had not taken the oath of allegiance to the Confederate States, were not embraced among those whose offices had been declared vacant by the Convention. The report was adopted by a strong vote. When it went to the Senate, it was met by strong opposition and by various means, action was prevented. So the matter lies over till the adjourned session. We may have occasion to allude to this matter again.

Gov. Johnson of Georgia.

It is refreshing in these days when the thirst for office is so rampant in the land, to find at least one man anxious to lay aside its honors and responsibilities at the bidding of the people. The telegram announcing that Gov. Johnson of Georgia begs the President to release him from the burdens of the Provisional Government, will strike some people with surprise. He has found it to be a trying position, and one which he would be glad to throw off, especially when his place can be so well filled in civil office, as it can be by Gov. Jenkins.

Our Telegraphic Dispatches.

The press in this city entered into an agreement recently, by which we were to be supplied with current events in advance of the mails.—The cost of these dispatches is considerable, yet as a general rule, the items which we get are either of no general utility to our readers, or they are sent at so late a period of the night, that we cannot make use of them without keeping up our hands a good portion of the night So far as we can see, the items which are sent us could as well come at 7 o'clock P. M. as at 12 M. or 1 o'clock, A. M. If they were of sufficient value to pay, the heavy expense of light and fuel in addition to the cost of the telegrams, would cheerfully be borne, as well as the fatigue and injury of sitting up all night, but to bear this expense and sit up a good portion of the night, and frequently fail to get any thing, or frequently something of no value to our readers, is two severe. Besides we did not contract for statements in reference to the Liverpool and foreign markets.—We hope the Agent of the Associated press here, will call attention to these matters. Our Congressional summary should come in early, as well as other matters of interest.

Distillation of Grain.

Our attention has been called several times recently, to the number of distilleries lately put in operation, and the very large quantity of grain now being distilled in the State. This state of things is deeply to be lamented by those who look with alarm at the rapid growth of intemperance in the State. But it is a matter of serious import also, especially in view of the changed condition of the blacks, and the readiness with which they are demoralized by whiskey.

We observe an attempt has been made in the Legislature to abolish the tax upon distilled liquors manufactured in this State. We hope the attempt will fail, and that in the present condition of the Treasury, the taxes will be laid as heavily upon articles of luxury as possible, that those of prime necessity may be exempted.

Adjournment.

The General Assembly adjourned this morning at 6 o'clock, there being not a quorum to do business. The body has been in session about three weeks, having consumed most of the time in elections. The legislation has been confined principally to what seemed most important. The passage of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States on the subject of slavery, is the most important act of the session. The memorial to the President asking the restoration of civil government, and which passed with so much unanimity in the House, we are told sleeps in the breeches pocket of the chairman of the Senate Committee to whom it was referred. The memorial should have been adopted and sent on.

Death of James Fulton.

We regret to record the death of James Fulton, Esq., editor of the Wilmington *Journal*. We learn he died on Thursday last. Mr. F. was a native of Ireland, but has been in this country for many years. He was a good editor and wrote with facility, judgment and ability. The *Journal* has lost severely by his death, and we hope the associate will be able to supply his place. Mr. F. like all men, had his faults, but these, the grave should cover.

Directors of Lunatic Asylum.

We learn that several meetings of the new Board have been held, but that little of importance has been done, and that the Board adjourned to meet on the first Thursday in F b-ruary.

OUTRAGE.—Mr. W. F. Fort was knocked down on Saturday night near the residence of Mr. Jeff Pasker, by some unknown person. A very severe injury was made upon his head, and he was found in a state of insensibility. His pockets had been emptied, in one of which he had a pistol.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Dec. 15th, 1865.

Senate met at half after 10 o'clock

The journal having been read, a message was received from the House announcing that they had concurred in the Senate amendment to the title of the bill "for the relief of the holders of State bonds issued since May 20th, 1861," &c.

Several engrossed bills were received from the House and passed their first reading and filed on the calendar.

A bill to empower A. C. Latham of Craven county to collect arrears of taxes, was on motion of Mr. Morehead laid on the table.

Mr. Howard from the committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill to decrease the expenses of sheriff's returns. Provides that sheriffs where their returns do not exceed $500, can send the money collected under a late ordinance of the Convention, by members of the Legislature to Raleigh. The bill passed its several readings and was ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Jones of Columbus from the committee on Internal Improvements, reported back a bill to amend the charter of the Western North Carolina Railroad, with recommendation that it be postponed until the first Monday in February next.

Mr. Warren, from the Judiciary Committee reported back a resolution in regard to their framing a bill for the protection and ease of debtors &c. asking to be discharged, as a special committee had been appointed upon that subject.

Mr. Warren, also reported the bill to authorize the wardens of the poor of each county, to seize and sell the property of paupers, who are admitted to the poor house of their respective counties with a recommendation that it do pass.

Mr. Warren, rose to a personal explanation. His attention had been called to a communication which had appeared originally in the Petersburg *Index*, and which had been copied into the *Sentinel* of this City, and without referring to the whole paragraph he would read with the permission of the Senate the following in reference to himself. "And it is to be regretted that he allowed himself to become a party to the expulsion of the old officers." Mr. W. disclaimed any such complicity He had heard who the author possibly was, but he did not know who he was, but who ever he may be, he must have known that the accusation was untrue—he pronounced it false. He neither advocated or voted for the ordinance of the Convention which declared the offices vacant, and no member of this Legislature could say he had approached him directly or indirectly on the subject of the office to which he had recently been elected. He deemed the explanation due himself.

The following engrossed bill was then read, as follows:

A bill to declare valid certain elections since May 20th 1861.

WHEREAS, doubts may exist as to the validity of appointments made and other acts done at the several sessions of the General Assembly held in the State since the 20th day of May 1861, and whether such are within the terms of the ordinance of the Convention, ratified the 18th day of October, A. D 1865, entitled "an ordinance declaring what laws and ordinances are in force and for other purposes" Now, in order to the removal of such doubts:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same as follows:

1st. That all appointments and elections made, and other acts done by any General Assembly not inconsistent with the Constitution of this State and of the United States, and the obligation of the citizens of the State to the government of the United States, are hereby declared to be valid to the same extent and in like manner as if no question had been made of the lawful authority of such General Assembly.

2. That this act shall be in force from its ratification.

Mr. Howard moved to suspend the rules and place the bill upon its several readings which was concurred in, and the bill passed its second reading

It being read the third time, Mr. Jones of Wake, moved to refer it to the committee on the Judiciary, and it was not adopted.

Mr Warren moved to postpone until the first Monday in February, and the motion failed.

Mr. Arendell moved to adjourn until Monday morning at 6 o'clock, and the motion did not prevail.

Mr. Arendell then moved to lay the bill on the table, and this motion also failed.

Upon each of these motions the yeas and nays were severally called by Messrs. Howard, Ferebee, and Faison.

At this time upon a motion made by Mr. Warren, to adjourn, no quorum voting, Mr. Ferebee moved a call of the roll, and 27 Senators were found to be absent.

The rest of the session, until four and half o'clock, was consumed in attempting to get a quorum of the Senate, which failing, Mr. Howard said that he for one would not delay legislation further, as important bills had yet to be ratified.

Mr. Eure said that he, and those Senators who had remained in the chamber ready and anxious to transact business were in no way responsible for the state of affairs, but those Senators who had voluntarily absented themselves were responsible, not only to their constituents, but to the people of the whole State for their action to-day.

The Senate without a quorum being present, adjourned until Monday morning at 6 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

SATURDAY, Dec. 16, 1865.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M.

Prayer by Rev. C. H. Wiley of the Presbyterian Church.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Manly from the committe on the Judiciary, reported back a bill to carry into effect an ordinance of the Convention of the State of North Carolina, entitled an ordinance for the election of Clerks and Sheriffs, recommending its passage, also in response to a resolution of inquiry, the committee reported a bill to declare valid certain elections since May 1861. This bill passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules

Mr. Holderby introduced a bill to increase the *per diem* of jurors and witnesses. Referred to Judiciary committee.

The following engrossed bills from the Senate, had their first reading and were referred to the Judiciary committee, viz:

A bill concerning advancements, and a bill to revoke certain wills.

A message was received from the Senate transmitting a report from the committee on the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, with a proposition to print. The House concurred.

Also (from the Senate) an engrossed resolution in favor of Briggs and Dodd, which was referred to the Finance committee.

Also an engrossed resolution touching the amendment to the constitution of the United States, ratified at this session of the General Assembly, known as the 13th article. [This resolution has been published heretofore in connection with the Senate proceedings.]

Mr Blackmer, opposed the resolution. He thought it unwise to pass it. "We should act," he said, "with an eye to our own interests, and the adoption of the construction of the constitutional amendment, embodied in the resolution, would do us incalculable damage."

Mr. Jenkins of Warren, regarded the resolution as being merely a contemporaneous expression of opinion. He could not see how its passage could do any harm and it might be of service to us hereafter.

Messrs. Sharpe and Waugh, opposed the resolution. The latter moved that it be laid on the table.

On this question the yeas and nays were ordered and the House refused to lay on the table.

Yeas—Messrs. Beasley, Bryson, Burton, Candler, Coates, Faircloth of Green, Flythe, Garland, Harper, Hanrahan, Holderby, Horton, Moore of Chatham, Murrill, Nicks, Newsum, Page, Palmer, Potter, Rosebro, Sharpe, Smith of Columbus Waugh, Webb, Wilson, Yellowley and York—27.

Nays—Messrs. Arrington, Ashworth, Baxter, Black, Blackmer, Blair, Bonner, Burgess, Caldwell, Cameron, Carson, Chadwick, Cowan, Craige, Crawford, Davis of Carteret, Dunn, Everett, Foster, Furr, Gaines. Gidney, Hawes, Holmes, Houston, Jenkins of Gaston, Jenkins of Warren, Joyner, Judkins, Kenan, Kinney, Lee of Gates, Leigh of Tyrrell, Logan, Luke, Manly, McAden, McEachen, McIntosh, McKay, McNair, Melson, Moore of Alamance, Moore of Martin, Murphy, Niven, Smith of Guilford, Smith of Hertford, Thigpen, Trull and Whitley—51

Mr. McKay moved to amend the resolution by adding after the words—"we have accepted and ratified the said amendment, in the sense given to it by the Hon. William H. Seward, Secretary of State of the United States" the words, "and in accordance with the reconstruction policy of President Johnson."

Messrs. Jenkins of Warren, and Smith of Hertford opposed the amendment.

The question recurring, the yeas and nays were ordered, and the amendment was rejected.

Yeas—Messrs. Ashworth, Beasley, Black, Blackmer, Blair, Bryson, Candler, Carson, Coates, Craige, Dalby, Dunn, Faircloth of Green, Flythe, Furr, Garland, Harper, Holmes, Horton, Jenkins of Gaston, Kinney, McDonald, McIntosh, McKay, Murrill, Nicks, Newsum, Palmer, Rosebro, Sharpe, Smith of Columbus, Waugh, Webb, York—33.

Nays—Messrs. Arrington, Baxter, Bonner, Burton, Caldwell, Cameron, Chadwick, Crawford, Davis, of Carteret, Everett, Foster, Gaines, Gidney, Hawes, Hanrahan, Holderby, Houston, Jenkins of Granville, Jenkins, of Warren, Joyner, Judkins, Kenan, Lee of Gates, Logan, Luke, Manly, Marler, McAden, McEachen, McNair, Melson, Moore of Alamance, Moore of Martin, Murphy, Niven, Smith of Guilford, Smith of Hertford, Thigpen, Trull, Whitley, Wilson—41.

The question recurring on the passage of the resolution, the yeas and nays were ordered, on motion of Mr Kenan.

The resolution was adopted.

YEAS.—Messrs Arrington, Baxter, Bonner, Burton, Caldwell, Cameron, Chadwick, Cowan, Cox, Craige, Crawford, Dunn, Everett, Flythe, Foster, Garland, Gidney Hawes, Hanrahan, Holderby, Hoke, Houston, Hyman, Jenkins of Gaston, Jenkins of Granville, Jenkins of Warren, Joyner, Judkins, Kenan, Lee of Gates, Leigh of Tyrrell, Luke, Manly, Marler, McAden, McDonald, McEachern, McIntosh, McKay, McNair, Melson, Moore of Alamance, Moore of Martin, Murphy, Niven, Newsum, Smith of Columbus, Smith of Guilford Smith of Hertford, Thigpen, Trull Waugh, Whitley, Yellowley.—55

NAYS—Messrs. Ashworth, Beasley, Black, Blackmer, Blair, Bryson, Candler, Carson, Coates, Davis of Carteret, Faircloth of Green, Furr Gaines, Harper, Holmes, Horton, Kinney, Murrill, Nicks, Palmer, Potter, Sharpe, Webb, Wilson, York —25.

Mr. McDonald, by leave, introduced a resolution relative to the arrest of one Benj Robinson of Cumberland county which was laid on the table on motion of Mr. Blackmer.

An engrossed bill for the relief of all persons that may suffer from the destruction of records and other papers during the war. Passed first reading, and was referred to the Judiciary committee.

Mr York, by leave, introduced a resolution of inquiry as to the propriety of modifying the tax on spirituous liquors distilled in the State. Referred to the Finance committee.

Mr. Page, by leave, a bill to increase the tax on spirituous liquors distilled from grain. Referred to the Finance committee.

The engrossed bill with regard to the election of Clerks and Sheriffs, roported this morning from the Judiciary committee, passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.—[Provides that the successors of the clerks recently elected, be elected on the first Thursday in August 1869, and that the successors of the recently elected Sheriffs be elected on the 1st Thursday in August 1868.

The House then took a recess untill half past 3 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

HALF PAST THREE O'CLOCK.

An engrossed bill to decrease the expense of Sheriff's returns. Passed its 2nd and 3rd readings under a suspension of the rules.

The House then adjourned until Monday morning 4 o'clock.

For the Sentinel.

Magic Squares.

MR. EDITOR:—If any of your readers be disposed to while away a leisure moment, by investigating curious combinations of the ten numerals, called the figures in arithmetic, let them try to construct what are familiarly called magic squares. Let them invent the rule of construction and give the reasons for it.

If you construct a square of three columns each way it will contain nine places and be filled by the figures from one to nine, and every column added up either vertically or horizontally, or from corner to corner, diagonally, will amount to the number 15.

A square of 5 columns, making 25 places, will make every column counted as before, amount to 65. A square of 7 columns will amount to 175; a square of 13 columns will amount to 1105; a square of 21 columns will amount to 4651; and so of any other number of squares, provided always that the number of squares is an odd number. It cannot be done with an even number in any instance, nor are the amounts in any case ever even numbers. These squares reveal other peculiarities which will be obvious on inspection.

For the want of the algebraic signs, we cannot give the examples of our correspondent.

ED. SENTINEL.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH SOUTH.—Bishop Green of the Episcopal Diocese of Mississippi publishes a report of the late Council of the Southern Diocese of Augusta, Georgia, and approves of its action—leaving each diocese at liberty to unite with the Northern Diocese or not. He directs his churches to resume praying for the President of the United States and all in authority.

The property of the Rockfish Manufacturing Company, situated near Fayetteville is offered for sale. The cotton factory was destroyed by order of Gen. Sherman, but, besides the site, dam, etc., much valuable property remains.

Mr. J. E. Bitton advertises to commence the publication of the *North Carolina Guardian* at Charlotte, on the 1st of January next. It will be published daily and tri-weekly

CAPTIONS

Of the Acts and Resolutions passed by the General Assembly, called Session of 1865.

1. Resolution concerning the *per diem* and mileage of the officers and members of the Legislature; allows the Speakers of the two Houses ten dollars per day; each member six; Principal and Assistant Clerks seven each; Doorkeepers, each seven dollars per day, and twenty cents per mile to and from the Capitol.

2. Resolution adopting the Constitutional amendment abolishing slavery within the United States; declares that neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

3. Resolutions declaring the loyalty of the people of North Carolina; declares that the people of this State are loyal to the Government of the United States, and are ready to make any concession, not inconsistent with their honor and safety, for the restoration of that harmony upon which their prosperity and safety depends.

4. An Act to amend an Act passed at the session of the General Assembly of 1860-61 entitled "An Act to appoint Tax Collectors for Bertie and other Counties," repeals so much of the Act as refers to the County of Bertie.

5. An Act concerning the burning of the Register's books, and the destroying of the Records, and unregistered papers by the Federal army, in the Register's Office, in the County of Sampson; provides that copies of all deeds and instruments shall be recorded and registered; and where there are no copies of the same, copies of intermediate instruments upon satisfactory proof before any court of such conveyance having been made, shall be admitted to registration. And any person or persons who have been in the continued and quiet possession of lands and tenements [whose deeds have been burned] for the space of seven years claiming them under known boundaries, shall be deemed to have been lawfully possessed of the same. Provided that such possession shall have commenced before the destruction of the Register's Books, and such person shall make affidavit and produce satisfactory proof to the court.

6. An Act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the French Broad River, in the county of Buncombe.

7. An Act to amend an Act ratified January, 1849, in reference to amending the charter for building a bridge across Pasquotank River.

8. An Act to amend section third, chapter 86, Revised Code, amended by adding after the word "Court-House" "or such other places as a majority of the Court may agree upon."

9. An Act to provide for the holding of Courts in the County of Washington, gives a majority of the magistrates the privilege of holding the regular Courts at any place in the town of Plymouth, and if a majority cannot decide for the Special Court to do so, and also confirms and legalizes all proceedings entered on record since the burning of the Court House; and that the clerks shall not be compelled to keep their offices at the Court House, and also directs the Chairman to have the justices summoned to meet in Plymouth to determine where the Court shall be held.

10 An Act to incorporate Stokesburg Lodge, No. 220, of A. Y. M in the county of Stokes.

11 Resolution in favor of Hon Z. B. Vance, declares that we have entire confidence in his loyalty and honor, and would be pleased to see an extension of the Executive clemency in his pardon.

12. An Act to amend an act passed at the session of 1854-55, to incorporate the Little River Turnpike Company. *Provides*, that at their next annual meeting, (a majority of the stock being represented,) they may by a majority vote surrender their chartered privileges to all that portion of the road North of the late residence of C C. Orr deceased, and retain all their rights and privileges to the South end of said road, with the privilege of keeping but one Toll Gate at a time.

13 An Act to modify an Ordinance to organize a temporary force for the preservation of law and order, provides that where the forces have not been organized, the officers shall be elected by the citizens enrolled instead of being appointed by the Justices of the Peace.

14. An Act to extend the time of registering Deeds and other Conveyances. entends the time to three years from and after the ratification of this act.

15. An Act to extend the charter of the bank of the State of North Carolina; extends the charter to the first day of January 1868, and give, it the power of making an assignment of all its assets for the equal benefit of all its creditors whenever it may deem it expedient to do so.

16. Resolution authorizing the Secretary of State to send Convention documents to the Clerks of the County Courts of the State, requires ten copies to be sent to each Clerk.

17. Resolution of instruction to the Attorney General to bring suit against Rail Roads, for forfeture of Charter, where they have granted exclusive privileges to persons or Companies.

18. Resolution in favor of L G. Ward.

19. An Act to qualify the Superior Court Clerks lately elected. Requires the chairman of the County Court and four other Justices of the Peace in each county to cause the Superior Court Clerk elect to come before them at the county seats, and enter into bond, and take the annual oaths.

20. An Act to incorporate the Durham Academy in the county of Orange.

21. An Act to authorize the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company to establish a Ferry at Gaston for the transportation of passengers and freight across the Roanoke River.

22. An Act authorizing and directing the removal of certain State bonds, in the hands of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Rail Road Company. *Provides*, that upon the surrender of any of the State bonds to the Public Treasurer. (The Stockholders in general meeting first giving their approval of this act.) He shall issue to said Company bonds to an amount not exceeding $455,000, bearing 6 per cent. interest, with coupons payable semi-annually in good and lawful money of the United States.

23. An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act concerning the county site of Mitchell County," and repealing the same. Repeals the Act ratified February 11th, 1862, and declares the Act of December 2nd, 1862, in full force.

24 Resolution concerning the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind. Requests the Board of Directors to resume the regular exercises of the Institution on the first day of January, 1866, and requests the Provisional Governor to furnish such funds as may be absolutely necessary for the support of the Institution during the continuance of the Provisional Government

THE CHOLERA IN EUROPE.—The cholera still lingers in Europe. A letter from Florence says that the recent progress of the pestilence there affords a striking refutation of the opinion sometimes expressed that the approach of the cold season is a guarantee of impunity against its attacks. After a brief interval of comparative repose during the autumnal months the mysterious enemy is once more on its deadly march. The Levant *Herald* notices the reappearance of cholera at Alexandria and at Trebizond, after having totally ceased. Other places are afflicted in like manner. At Naples, November 15, there were 255 cases of cholera and 147 deaths. The deaths from cholera in France during the month of October were 4 0 50, and 379 from the 6th to the 12th of November.

The New Senators from the Southern States.

The Hon. Randall Hunt, just elected one of the United States Senators from Louisiana, is well known as one of the oldest members of the bar of Louisiana—as a whig of the old school of Clay and Webster, and, in 1860, as an elegant and powerful advocate of the constitutional Union party.—A correspondent of the New York *Express* writes:

Governor Manning, of South Carolina, Governor Graham, of North Carolina, Judge Sharkey, of Mississippi, and Governor Parsons of Alabama, will form with Randall Hunt, in the re-constructive Senate quite a constellation of talent. Gov. Manning is a graduate of Princeton, where he was distinguished for scholarship and literary taste.—He is a gentleman of refined taste and elegant manners. Graham, of North Carolina, the son of a distinguished officer of the revolution, and allied by marriage with a grand-daughter of Colonel William Washington, the hero of the Cowpens, is as well known at the north as at the south, through his services in the Senate and the Cabinet, and from his nomination in 1853 by the whig party as its candidate for the Vice-Presidency. Judge Sharkey has long been regarded as the ablest jurist in Mississippi, and before the war, as the venerated chief of the old conservative party in that State. Governor Parsons, of Alabama, who is a native of Central New York, is of the same political school with Graham and Sharkey, though less known to the country at large. His recent course as Provisional Governor has won for him the highest reputation as a man of ability.

From Washington.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, of yesterday, says:

Mr Senator Clingman, of North Crrolina, appeared on the floor of the Senate this morning, and received the congratulations of friends. He is rapidly recovering from the severe wound which he received during the war.

The members to Congress from Tennessee, so far as they are present, to-day availed themselves of the privilege yesterday accorded to them in the House of occupying seats on the floor. Mr. Segar, of Virginia, a Senator elect, has unlimited privilege to a seat on the floor of the Senate, and of course the same would be conceded to the Tennessee Senators should they wish to avail themselves of it.

CABINET MEETING.—A special dispatch from Washington to the *New York News* of the 13th, says:

In the Cabinet meeting to-day, our relations with England, which have now assumed a serious if not an alarmidg aspect, were discussed at some length. It is understood that the President has directed Mr. Seward to prepare an ultimatum to be presented to the English Government, and in the event of its not being complied with, our Minister is to ask for his passports, and return home.

It is understood that the Cabinet does not attach much weight to the Mexican resolutions of Congress and believe that when all the facts are laid before that body, they will not be so eager to enforce the Monroe doctrine to the extent of war with France.

GENERAL BEAUREGARD wrote the following letter to the editor of a French newspaper which had defended him:

NEW ORLEANS, *Nov.* 18, 1865.

My Dear Sir:—I beg leave to thank you for your article of the 27th of October, in reply to an ungenerous attack upon me by the *Paris Avenir National* a paper which ought to be satisfied that I am not a soldier of fortune.

When my native State Louisiana, required my services, I drew my sword without hesitation, as a son rushes to rescue his mother from the torrent, without thought of his safety.

At one time, in order to escape the hatred of Northern fanatics, I thought of seeking a refuge in Brazil, but the generous sentiments expressed by President Johnson towards the Southern States have pursuaded me, together with a great many other Confederate officers and soldiers, to remain in Louisiana. I prefer to live here, poor and forgotten than to be endowed with honor and riches in a foreign country.

With sincere respect, your obd't serv't,
G. T. BEAUREGARD.

ALBEMARLE AND CHESAPEAKE CANAL.—There are complaints of the delay in completing the work on this improvement—to which we take leave to call the attention of those having charge of it. We have already called attention to this matter and do so again, as these complaints have been repeated. It may be that there is difficulty in procuring necessary labor. If not, however, additional force should be employed at once to push the work to a speedy completion, and thus remove all cause for the annoyances that are now experienced and expressed by men who complain that their interests are suffering.—*Nor. Virg.*

IMPROVING THE MISSISSIPPI.—A new plan has been suggested for shortening the Mississippi river, and it is cheering to know that Governor Humphreys has it under consideration. The proposition is to lessen the distance between Cairo and New Orleans three hundred miles, by damming the Red river near its junction with the Mississippi, so as to throw the waters which seek an outlet through Red river into the Atchafalaya and Berwick's Bay. To avoid damaging the commerce of New Orleans, an iron lock is to be placed in the dam, so as to let boats into and out of the Mississippi through Red river. Another part of the plan contemplates opening all the outlets, both natural and artificial, from near the mouth of Red river, on the West bank of the Mississippi, to Pine Bluff, Arkansas, and straitening small streams, thus opening a system of drainage through a country embracing the best portions of Arkansas.

Nocturnal Rascality.

Hardly a night passes in this vicinity, but what some new instance of roguery is brought to light with the morning sun. There reigns a perfect saturnalia of low rascality, and Hermes, the tutelar deity of all the thieves in creation, must certainly have pitched his headquarters somewhere about Winston. For the last week or two we have been "let alone severely," probably because the rogues had not left us much that was worth stealing; but our neighbors are suffering from their nightly depredations to an inordinate extent. We know that it is fashionable to lay all these peccadilloes at the door of the freedmen, but we think there are some mean white men whose fingers are not quite as clean as they might be.

We learn that on Saturday night last the barn of Robt. Gray, Esq., was entered, and a quantity of corn stolen therefrom; and a few days afterwards a neighbor waked up one fine morning to find his newly butchered meat "gone glimmering like a dream." Other instances might be cited were it necessary, but these will suffice to satisfy our people that it is high time to put a stop to such proceedings. As there are no night patrols that we are aware of, we think our citizens ought to make up their minds to declare war on their own individual responsibility, against these nocturnal pilferers, a few of whom sent to their dread account, might prove a lasting warning to the rest of the fraternity.—*Winston Sentinel.*

A short time since, Mr Vassall, a special agent of the post office department, arrived in Newbern, to attend to some business, and to find out if possible what had become of a box containing 10,000 stamped envelopes, which had been sent from Washington, D. C, to Wilmington, *N.* C., but which had never reached its destination. The box was missed sometime last September, and sufficient trace of it had been made to locate, as its point of divergence, Kinston to Goldsboro'. Enquiry led to the arrest of two men at Kinston, transacting business at that point under the firm of Eddy & Smith. The former after further examination was released, while the latter whose real name is J. C. S. Parker, was required to find bail in the sum $1,000 for his appearance at the next term of the U. S. district court for trial. The accused utterly failed to give satisfactory account as to how and from whom the envelopes were obtained.—*Ib.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Tournament.

THERE WILL BE A GRAND TOURNAMENT held at Goldsboro' on the 22d December, 1865. Knights from a distance are invited to compete for the usual honors.

The CORONATION BALL will be held at night.

M. D. CRATON, Chief Marshall.

Goldsboro, Dec 17-111 3t

WANTED.

A GOOD TANNER, TO TAKE CHARGE OF A Tannery in Edgecombe County, near Tarboro, N. C. A comfortable house and sufficient land attached to get wood, make bread, and raise meat. Apply immediately with references, to

DR J. W. JONES, Tarboro, N. C.

December 16, 1865-101-2w.

Standard please copy.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!

FOR CHRISTMAS,

AT

C. J. IREDELL & CO'S,

No 1 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N C.

Raleigh, December 16 110—1w.

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE 30TH SESSION WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, the 12th of February, in the magnificent building erected by the Grand Lodge of North Carolina.

For Circulars, showing the course of instruction, terms, regulations, &c, apply to

J. H. MILLS, Oxford, N. C.

December 16-115—10t2aw-pd.

DR. J. R. G FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N C. J. C. FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N C.

Faucette & Bro.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

Purchasing Agents,

AND

GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,

Opposite the Gaston House,

NEWBERN, N. C.

December 16 110-3ms.

J. A. THURSTON,

Old Stand of Henry Porter, Fayetteville St.

RALEIGH, N. C.,

BEING OBLIGED TO VACATE HIS STORE ON the 1st of January, offers for sale his entire Stock

AT COST,

consisting of every variety of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

RUBBERS, BROGANS,

SHOE FINDINGS, &c., &c.

Having purchased his stock direct from the Manufacturers for Cash, will sell cheaper than others can.

Call and see for yourself.

Raleigh, Dec 16-101-tjan.

WM. J. BAKER, PULASKI COWPER, WM. H. JONES.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION Merchants,

AND BROKERS.

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL SELL ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE AND goods of any description on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts, keep on hand for sale, and will buy and sell Gold and Silver Coin and Bank Notes. Dec 15—109—3m.

For Sale.

SUPERIOR Durham and Stonewall Smoking Tobacco in two pound boxes.

Large Onions by the barrel.

A large quantity of Flour, various brands. Bacon Sides, Plantation Bitters. Chewing Tobacco. Snuff, Cigars and Nails. BAKER, COWPER & CO.

December 15, 1865-109-tf.

For Sale.

HOME made Carpeting, Sweet Oil by the case, and a first rate article of Sole Leather.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

December 15 109—tf

For Sale.

SILVER FRUIT Baskets, Silver Waiters, Spoons and Forks, large Punch Bowl and Silver Egg-stand. BAKER, COWPER & CO.

December 15-109-tf.

For Sale.

2 HANDSOME Travelling Baskets fine English Mustard, Spun Cotton, China, Cheese, Sugar, Children's Hose.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

December 15-109-tf

The Enterprise.

AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, I SHALL COMmence, in the city of Raleigh, the publication of a weekly Family Newspaper, to be a means of communication for christian gentlemen and ladies. Its columns will be open for moral and Literary articles especially, and also for such advertisements as become a first class Family Journal. It is to be the organ of myself and my friends. I may say that I have not been largely solicited to commence the ENTERPRISE, my friends not knowing that I desire to become Editor. I am bound by no party or denominational influences, but desire the *Enterprise* to be fully dedicated to "EVERY GOOD WORD AND WORK."

The man who is most useful to himself, is, in the largest sense, most useful to mankind; hence, I ask you to help me, because I shall then be the better able to help you. Good men ought to subscribe to the *Enterprise*, because it will aid the Editor; and bad men ought to subscribe for the same good reason.

On the first issue, I shall take means at once to place the *Enterprise* on the tables of 10,000 families in North Carolina.

TERMS:

For twelve months,	$1 00
For six months,	2 00

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.

Send your subscriptions at once per mail, as I have no special agents.

Most respectfully,

L. BRANSON, Raleigh, N. C.

Helping the South is Helping the North.

"It is reported," says the Philadelphia *Press*, "that General Grant remarked, during his recent visit to Raleigh, N. C., that in ten years the South would be richer than before the war."—The *Press* adds: "When the passions inflamed by the war subside, and they establish an industrial system on a just basis, they will find that liberty and Union are as powerful to advance all their best interests as slavery and secession were to injure and destroy."

The passions inflamed by the war have subsided *at the South*. The subsidence at the North remains to be accomplished. Until that takes place, the South will continue powerless for all the vital purposes of self-development and self-improvement. When the radical factions, whose only aim appears to be to build up a political ascendancy at the South, by means of negro enfranchisement, shall catch the generous spirit manifested by President Johnson and General Grant, and learn that beneficence and not spite is the true policy, then will the South begin to rise from its ashes, and not before. So long as they postpone everything to the investiture of the negro with the franchise of suffrage, so long will Southern vitality be in abeyance and Southern industry remain paralyzed. In order for the South to attain its full development, it must be left free to construct its own labor system, and to decide for itself, just as the Northern States decide for themselves, all internal, domestic questions, prominent among which is that of suffrage. The negroes, as freedmen, will get quite as much from unconstrained Southern generosity, as they will ever get by the radical policy of compelled concessions to them.

It is quite as important to the Northern as it is to the Southern States that the latter shall be reconstructed, and placed in a situation to avail themselves of their resources, so as to be able to bear their portion of the public burden, and pay their portion of the public debt. This, to a rightly organized mind, is far more important than negro suffrage, especially when wrung by unconstitutional means from a reluctant people. Let us glance, for a moment, at this subject, in the light of the report of the Secretary of the Treasury:

The Secretary thus introduces his report: "Next in importance to the great questions involved in in the restoration of the Federal authority over the Southern States, and the re-establishment of civil government therein, *under the Constitution*, are the financial questions embracing the currency, the public debt and the revenue." Of the public debt he says, "it is a national burden," and "the work of removing it should not be long postponed." He sees no way of paying it "but by *an increase of the national income beyond the national expenditures.*"

The national debt, deducting moneys in the treasury (says the Secretary) was, on the 31st of October, 1865, $2,740,854,750. His estimate of what it will be on the 1st of June 1866, is $3,000,000,000. The annual interest upon three thousand million of dollars, if funded at six per cent. per annum, would be $180,000,000; at five and a half per cent. per annum, would be $165,000,000; and at five per cent. would be $150,000,000.

Will any financier undertake to say that negro suffrage will pay this debt or the annual interest on it?—or that it will place the South in a better position to meet its portion of the liability? On the contrary, is it not evident that radical interference with the domestic question of suffrage is delaying Southern reorganization, restraining Southern industry, retarding the formation of a Southern labor system, and crippling the ability of the Southern people to come to the relief of the Northern States in a participation of their financial burdens. However great Mr. McCulloch's financial abilities, it is idle for him, as it would be for any one else, to declare that, as large as this debt is, "the resources of the country are *even now* ample to reduce it." He is nearer the fact when he adds that with the labor question settled at the South, this debt both "in burden and amount" will be rapidly diminished "by the growth of the country." Here he gets a glimpse of the real estate of the case. It would have been better for the country if Mr. McCulloch could have divested himself of all party feelings and prejudices, and treated the subject financially and purely financially. Had he said this immense debt cannot be paid by the North alone, or with the assistance of an enthralled South; but it can be paid within reasonable time, if the Southern States are allowed to return to the Union, as the equals of the other States, and placed in a situation to enable them to construct their own labor system, to go earnestly, heartily and unrestrainedly to work to produce those great staples which are now, to the extent of four-fifths of their ordinary production, absent from the markets of the world; had he said this in his report, he would have told the plain truth, and made a profound impression upon business circles at the North, for, to use a Fenian phrase, he is the "head (financial) centre" of this Republic. The South has nothing now, or next nothing, to contribute to the revenue of the country. It will remain in that condition until it can organize itself, raise money to go to work upon and mature its labor system. These things it cannot do until the politicians quit tinkering with Southern affairs, and leave the States of the South to manage their own domestic matters. The cotton crop alone of 1860 was 5,386,397 bales. Of this amount 1,500,000 bales were consumed in this country, leaving for exportation 3,886,897 bales, which, at ten cents per pound, furnished $155,475,880 to supply the place of specie in our foreign exchange, more than enough to pay the interest, at five per cent., on the estimated debt in June, 1866. Could the South go to work now, with all its past experience, with its new incentives to industry, and with a more reliable and perfect labor system, it would produce much more than it did in 1860, and its productions would command a higher price.

Until parties at the North view this subject of Southern reorganization with a financial, rather than a political eye, and act upon business, rather than party and sectional principles; whether it be ten years or one year, the North will have to take the financial burden upon its own unassisted shoulders. Every month lost in "reconstructing" the South involves a loss of millions to the national revenues. The way to realize General Grant's pleasant prediction that "in ten years the South will be richer than it was before the war," is to act upon the liberal and sensible policy which he is understood to favor.—*Richmond Whig.*

The Legislature has passed resolutions of thanks to Doctor R. J. Powell, the agent of the Provisional Governor at Washington, for the valuable services rendered the State by him while in that city. We are not apprised of the full extent of Dr. Powell's labors in our behalf, but, if we are not misinformed he was the bearer of that wonderful despatch from the President to Mr. Holden, informing the latter how much the State had damaged itself by the recent elections. For this he was certainly entitled to our acknowledgements, because it is a Christian duty to kiss the rod that smites. The less Dr. Powell did, however, under the circumstances, the easier it was to thank him, and we dare say the Legislature took that view of it; but as legislative gratitude is a thing well understood in these progressive days, people know exactly what value to place upon it.—*Winston Sentinel.*

We think our cotemporary is mistaken about the passage of the resolutions. They were referred to a committee, and there they have slept.

The South and the Negro Question in Congress.

In the Senate Wednesday, the 13th, the following proceedings occurred:

Mr. Wilson called up a bill to maintain the freedom of the inhabitants of the States declared to be in insurrection and rebellion by the proclamation of the President of the first of July, 1862. It declares all laws heretofore in force or held valid in the insurrectionary States, whereby any inequality of civil rights and immunities among the inhabitants of these States is created, on account of race or color, are null and void.

Mr. Wilson explained the nature of the bill. He said the proclamation of the President of the 22d of September, 1863, declaring emancipation, pledges the faith of the Government of the United States to maintain the freedom of the persons declared to be free. This was repealed in the proclamation of the first of January. It was, therefore, the duty of the Government to maintain the civil rights and immunities of these freedmen.—The most cold blooded atrocities were being perpetated upon the freedmen, and it was the duty of Congress to interfere at once. Whatever difference of opinion there might be on the subject of negro suffrage, there ought to be none in the duty of making good the guarantees of the Government.

Mr. Johnson said there were serious legal objections to the bill under consideration. It did not name any bills or laws, but all laws of a certain character. Besides, it only repeals all laws already made; but if the Southern States are in the Union, they have a right to make police laws for the future. He had never believed that the Southern States were out of the Union, and he was glad to see in the President's Message, which was one of the ablest ever issued, a concurrence in this view. The people of the Southern States were now as anxious to return as they once were to leave the Union. He believed there was as much philanthropy in the South as in the North and he was sorry to see the impression sought to be created that the people of the South were barbarians.

Mr. Cowan did not believe the bill would accomplish what its author desired. He thought an amendment to the Constitution was the only way to reach the matter, and he believed such an amendment would pass in Congress within a month.

Mr. Wilson referred to certain laws passed in the Southern States since the abolition of slavery, which he said subjected the freedmen to a worse bondage than slavery itself. The condition of the freedmen of the South was worse to day than it was on the day of Lee's surrender.

Mr. Sherman sympathized with the objects of the bill. He believed it to be the duty of Congress to secure freedom to the emancipated slave, but he believed such legislation ought to be postponed until the proclamation of the Secretary of State announcing the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment by the requisite number of States. Congress had the right, he said, under the second section of that amendment, to make provision for the freedom of the blacks; and there was another section of the Constitution under which it could be done—that section which gives to the citizens of one State all the rights of the citizens of the several States. The bill before the Senate did not define the civil rights which negroes ought to have, but stated them in general terms. In his judgment, Congress ought to impose the conditions upon which the Southern States should be received back into the Union, and they ought to be in the form of amendments to the Constitution. Action on the bill before the Senate ought to be deferred until the report of the committee of fifteen, provided for by the concurrent resolution passed yesterday.

Mr. Saulsbury said that when the Constitutional Amendment was before the Senate no Senator claimed the right under the second section, to give to the Government the powers of a consolidated government.

Mr. Trumbull thought the bill was premature in the sense stated by Mr. Sherman. There was yet no official information of the passage of the Constitutional Amendment, and until the adoption of that amendment there might be some doubt as to the power of Congress to do what was proposed. After the adoption of the amendment there could be no doubt as to the power of Congress. If the second section did not confer this power upon Congress, he would ask the Senator from Delaware for what purpose it was intended.

Mr. Saulsbury—I don't know what it meant. I had nothing to do with it. But I would ask the honorable Senator whether, when it was before this body for adoption, he avowed in his advocacy of it that it was meant for such purpose as is now claimed.

Mr. Trumbull—Mr. President, I never understood it in any other way.

Mr. Saulsbury—Did you state it so at the time?

Mr. Trumbull—I do not know that I stated it. I might as well have explained that the clause which declares slavery shall not exist meant that slavery shall not exist. I could make it no clearer. I reported it from the Judiciary Committee for the very purpose of conferring upon Congress the authority to see that the first clause was carried out in good faith.

Mr. Saulsbury said he did not see how gentlemen, holding that the Southern States were not in the Union, can regard the Constitutional Amendment as adopted. It required three-fourths of the States to adopt the amendment, and that number could not be obtained without counting the Southern States.

On motion of Mr. Howard, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

In the House, on the same day, the following transpired:

On motion of Mr. Stevens, the House took up the resolution providing for a joint committee to examine into the condition of the late so-called Confederate States, as returned from the Senate with amendments, which were concurred in by the House.

The House took up the following resolution introduced by Mr. Farnsworth:

Resloved, as the sense of this House, That, as all "just powers" of government are derived from the "consent of the governed," that cannot be regarded as a just Government which denies to a large portion of its citizens, who share both its pecuniary and military burdens, the right to express either their consent or dissent to the laws which subject them to taxation and to military duty, and which refuses them full protection in the enjoyment of their inalienable rights."

Resolved, That in imposing taxes upon the people of the United States none are excepted therefrom on account of color; so, too, in the laws enacted by Congress for enrolling and drafting into the military service of the Government those liable to military duty, no exemption because of color has been allowed; and, while we have rewarded the foreigner who is ignorant of our language and institutions, and who has but just landed upon our shores, with the rights of citizenship, for a brief service in the armies of the Union, *good faith*, as well as impartial justice, demands of this Government that it secure to the colored soldiers of the Union their equal rights and privileges as citizens of the United States.

Resolved, That we agree with the President of the United States that "mercy without justice is a crime," and the admitting of rebels and traitors, upon whose hands the blood of slain patriots has scarcely dried, and upon whose hearts is the damning crime of starving to death loyal men taken as prisoners in battle, to the rights of citizenship and of suffrage, while we deny those rights to the loyal black man who fought for the Union, and who fed and protected our starving soldiers, is a fit illustration of that truism.

Mr. Chandler, of New York, opposed the introduction of these resolutions. The problem of the negro race was not solved, as the gentleman from Illinois assumed. He denied the proposition that the black is equal to the white man. The effect of these resolutions would be to inflame passions and keep up sectional excitement. The subject belonged to no system pertaining to the army, but to the negro on the fence. It was useless for the Republicans, as a political job, to continue the agitation of the question. If he understood the proposition, it would prove fatal to the negro. While he would assist in raising the black man to the condition for which he is suited, he maintained that the sovereignty of the white race should be maintained. He defended those who leave their native land to seek a home in our own. We are all, he said, the sons of emigrants. This land is the refuge of the white man, and he has been allowed to take the various elements of civilization, whether the Indian or the negro, to carry out his designs. By what right did the gentleman from Illinois, in his resolutions, brand with dishonor the men who, from abroad, find liberty and a home in the United States? The gentleman continued his remarks for an hour in opposition to the proposition.

Mr. Farnsworth said he presumed the House and the country had been edified by the eloquent speech of the gentleman from New York, and expressed the hope that the House would now refer the resolutions to the select committee on the condition of the late rebel Confederacy.

Mr. Ancona moved that they be laid on the table.

The question was decided in the negative—yeas 43, nays 113.

The House then referred Mr. Farnsworth's resolution to the Select Committee.

The *London Saturday Review*, with an irreverence for things both sacred and profane, which is very naughty but exceedingly clever, has been dissecting sundry funeral sermons preached by the English clergy upon the occasion of the death of Lord Palmerston. "The Right Rev. Dr. Dibdin, M. A., not contenting himself with the usual path of eulogy, discussed with great earnestness the difficult and exceedingly perplexing question of the probable fate of the Premier's soul, and then published and advertised his sermon after the following startling fashion: "THE PATRIOT PALMERSTON; WAS HE SAVED? PRICE A SIXPENCE." The *Saturday Review* says, that

"The most penurious person would not grudge his modest sixpence to ascertain the answer to this modest question, and it must be particularly pleasing to a public man to reflect that, after his death, the question of his eternal salvation will be discussed in pulpits and freely advertised in the newspapers. Death may grin horribly a ghastly smile, but it cannot be other than a consolation to know that by the side, and in the style, of "Do you bruise your oats yet?" or "Do you double up your perambulator?" will figure the rather more delicate question, "Is the great man's soul saved?" It keeps his memory sweet and wholesome among the survivors, and fills them with a pathetic concern for him. True, there has generally been a feeling outside the Inquisition at least, that the state of a man's soul is a thing which concerns no human being but himself: that its salvation is a matter between himself and the Divine Judge; and that the rest of us, even if we had the wish to sit in the seat of judgment, can never, by any possible ingenuity or labor, be sure that we have the whole evidence in the case. Of course this is a sorry squeamishness. Nobody but an indifferent and wicked person could dream of allowing his neighbor to manage his own spiritual business, or, after that business was brought to its end for good or for evil, could refrain from pronouncing sentence of damnation or salvation. There are one or two injunctions in the Bible about judging another, but these, we presume, must be taken for the corrupt interpolations of a latitudinarian age. It is a very useful and interesting exercise to discuss the salvability of any common Tom and Harry of your acquaintance. It is even soothing to accost some chance person you may meet in a railway carriage or on the high road with the question, ingeniously framed on the playful mockery of the streets, "How's your poor soul?" But the golden opportunity is when some conspicuous public character passes out of the world. Here is a soul that is indeed worth talking about—a soul of quality.

"It was not to be expected that Lord Palmerston's death would be allowed to pass without the occasion being improved in this delightful way. An Irishman of a certain sort would feel very uncomfortable if he allowed his friend to be buried in peace without the elegant ceremonies of the wake. And clergymen of a certain sort would feel that they had been shamefully wanting to their duty if they suffered an eminent man to die and be buried with merely a few words of decent regret."

Capt. James W. Moore, Assistant Quartermaster, who has charge of the burial of deceased soldiers, has selected a spot on the Ball's Bluff battle ground, in Loudon county, where will be interred the remains of those who fell upon that memorable field.

For Sale.

NEW YORK Goshen and Grayson, Va. Butter cheap, to close consignment.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Dec 15—109—tf

J. L. DUNN, of N. C.
WITH
Arch'd Young, Garrett & Co.,
Manufactures and Wholesale Dealers in
CLOTHING,
27 *CHAMBERS STREET*,
Nearly opposite New City Hall.
HENRY L FOSTER,
C. W. GARRETT,
WM. H. WHITEHEAD,
E. YOUNG,
NEW YORK.
Dec 11-105-1w pd.

For Sale.

LAW and Miscellaneous Books, &c.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15-109-tf

For Sale.

2 HOUSES AND LOTS on Hillsboro Street—one house a two story, has six rooms with fire place in each, and one room without fire place. The other house has four rooms with fire place in each—all necessary out houses and one acre of land.

The price for the above property is very moderate, with annual payments for three fourths of the purchase money, and interest from date. Title to property retained until all the purchase money is paid.

—ALSO—

A very fine house nine rooms, and four acres of ground attached
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, December 15—109—tf jan

Classical and Mathematical School.
14 *miles East of Raleigh.*

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL WILL commence on the 15th of January, 1866.
Board $15 per month. Tuition $30 per session. Lights extra.
Address the Principal at Raleigh
WM. C. DOUB, Principal.
Dec 15 106 3w.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

Corrected daily by JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO. Brokers and Dealers in Exchange.

BUYING RATES.

N. C. Bank Notes—Charlotte 35, Miners & Planters 40, and Lexington 30. Bank of N. C., Cape Fear, 40. Farmer's, 37. Merchants 40. Roxboro 40. Wadesboro 25. Thomasville 20; Wilmington 25; Commerce 25; Washington, Fayetteville, Clarendon, Yanceyville, 12½; Greensboro' Mutual, 20.

Virginia Bank Notes, average,	20
South Carolina do do	18
Georgia do do	12½

COIN—Gold $1 44; Silver 1 40.

COUPONS—Old North Carolina, 5; North Carolina Railroad coupons, 95.

BONDS.—North Carolina, 6s, Nine coupons attached, 78.

Exchange on New York selling at ¼ premium.

Raleigh Money Market.

Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.
Buying Rates.
N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear,	40	Bank of Wadesboro	25
" Charlotte,	35	" Wilmington,	25
" Commerce,	25	" Washington,	15
" Clarendon,	14	" Yanceyville	14
" Fayetteville,	15	Commercial, Wilmin'n	22
" Lexington,	30	Farmers, Greensboro,	37
" N. Carolina,	4	Greensboro Mutual,	2½
" Roxboro,	40	Merchants, Newberne,	40
" Thomasville,	30	Miners & Planters,	35

Virginia	Bank notes, average,	20
South Carolina	" "	18
Georgia	" "	12½

COIN—Gold, 1,43; silver 1,38.

COUPONS—Old North Carolina, 50; North Carolina Rail Road Coupons, 95.

BONDS—North Carolina 6s, nine coupons on, 78.

Exchange on New York selling at ¼ premium.

RALEIGH MARKET.

Revised and corrected by JORDAN WOMBLE, Grocer and Commission Merchant for all kinds of Country Produce.

Dec. 18, 1865.

FLOUR—family,	12 00	to	00 00
Extra Superfine,	11 00	to	11 50
Superfine,	10 50	to	11 00
CORN—per bushel,	80	to	1 00
BACON—per pound, dull,	22	to	25
LARD—per pound,	25	to	30
BUTTER—per pound, dull	40		
CHICKENS—(Spring,)	25	to	30
EGGS—per dozen,	25	to	30
CHEESE—retail, per pound,			35
APPLES—green, per bushel,	00	to	2 50
PEACHES—dried, per bushel,	2 50	to	3
POTATOES—Irish, per bushel,	50	to	1
POTATOES—Sweet,	75	to	80
ONIONS—per bushel,	1 50	to	2
BEEF—on hoof, per pound,	8	to	20
retail,	12½	to	20
FRESH PORK—per pound, (retail)	15	to	20
MEAL—per bushel, (street price),	1 00	to	1 10
COFFEE—per pound, (retail	45	to	50
SUGAR—Crushed, per pound	35	to	00
White Coffee,	30	to	
Light Brown,			25
Common Brown,			20
PEAS—red and white, per bushel,	75	to	1 00
FODDER—per cwt.	1	to	1 25
OATS—in sheaf,	75	to	1
HAY—newcrop, per cwt.,	75	to	1 00
TOBACCO—per pound, (manufactured),	20	to	50
COTTON—in bale, per cwt.,	30	to	35
COTTON YARN—per bunch,	3 50	to	3 3½
BEESWAX—per pound,	25	to	
RAGS—clean cotton, per pound			03
LAMB—per head		to	2 3
retail, per pound,	12½	to	50
SALT—per sack [4 bushel]		to	7 20
FLAXSEED—per bushel,	1	to	1 50
NAILS—per pound, by the keg,	10	to	125
PORK—for Bacon.	12½	to	15
TURNIPS—per bushel	1	to	00

Selling Off

OUR LARGE STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes, Hats,
Groceries,
Liquors, etc., etc.,

as cheap as those advertising to sell

AT COST!

No gammon or nonsense.

We will not be undersold.

"The proof of the pudding," &c.

KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.,
(OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG.)
Dec, 12rd, 1865 107-tf.

Stop the Thief.

STOLEN FROM MY STABLES, ON THE NIGHT of the 11th inst., my dark Clay Bank Mare. She is ten years old, with black mane and tail, and a well formed animal—the best animal in the country. She was newly shod; her weathers are very low for an animal not having fistula. I will give fifty dollars for the Mare and fifty dollars for the thief. She was carried no doubt, to Raleigh.
J. D. HAYS.
Dec 13-107—2tpd.

COTTON FACTORY FOR SALE.

WE WILL SELL THE "GRANITE SHOAL Cotton Factory", consisting of one full set of Carding and Spinning machines, all in first rate order and as good as new, capable of turning off 100 bunches Yarn every 24 hours. The water power is one of the best and most secure from danger of high water on the Catawba River, is seven miles below "Catawba Station" on Western North Carolina Rail Road, 35 miles west of Salisbury, and 35 from Charlotte. A first rate farm of 370 acres, 100 of which is in cultivation, will be sold with the Factory if desired. There are 2 two story dwelling houses and store house, and necessary number of cottages to accommodate the operatives. For particulars, call on
CLARK & POWELL,
Catawba Station, N.C.
December 14, 1865-108-10t.

Just Received,

800 setts Plates,
400 setts Cups and Saucers,
Bar Decanters,
Bar Tumblers,
Bar Biters Bottles,
Kerosene Lamps and Chimneys,
at 41 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C,
by D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, November 15 94-tf.

For Sale.

PRINTING MATERIALS, TYPE AND FIXtures and a large size single cylinder Hoe Power Press, 47 X 33 inches, and an excellent 6-horse Engine, in good running order. Apply to
W. A. CUNNINGGIM, Agent.
December 13, 1865-106-tf.

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN.

Mitchell & Allen,
Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE,
22 *POLLOCK STREET*,
NEWBERN, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE, AND OFFER FOR SALE—

200 dozen Assorted Locks,
1000 pairs Hinges,
500 gross Screws,
300 dozen Knives and Forks,
150 dozen Pocket knives,
100 dozen Taper, Cross Cut, Mill Saw and Bastard Files.

A full assortment of
CARPENTERS',
COOPER'S',
MACHINISTS',
BLACKSMITHS',
TURPENTINE,
AND
SADLERS' TOOLS,
to which we invite per icular attention.

—ALSO—

50 kegs Horse Shoes,
100 kegs Cut and Wrought Nails,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Rims,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Spokes,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Hubs and Axles,
100 Ladies and Gents' Saddles, Bridles, Harness Whips, Collars, &c.
200 Bags Shot,
50 kegs Powder,
Hand, Cross Cut and Circular Saws,
Leather and Rubber Belting,
Bar and Sheet Iron and Lead,
Tin and Hollow Ware.

We have and are constantly receiving
Ploughs, Shovels,
Hoes, Axes, Forks,
Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, &c
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH" COOK STOVE.
—ALSO—
AGENTS FOR
FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM & COUNTER SCALES,
AND
EVAN'S & WATSONS
CELEBRATED FIRE & BUGLAR-PROOF SAFES,
which we sell at manufacturer's prices.
Newbern, N. C., Oct, 17, 1865 61 3m.

IMPORTANT COMMUNICATION,

For the Times, and all Times, to be Considered.

The first stone in the structure of life insurance was laid by the hand of the Almighty when he planted in the human heart the generous impulses of love and affection, which prompt us to provide for our own; but the keystone is this law of average to secure which we bind ourselves together to bear each other's burdens, the stronger and richer, as the longer lives must be, helping the weaker and poorer brother that is cut down in early life, and by the universal law of compensation it gives us either the blessings of a long life, or the pleasing assurance of leaving a competency to our loved ones, as the films of death are curtaining them from our sight forever.

Times like the present make most manifest the peculiar benefit of life insurance. Business is interrupted. Men are anxious for the future. Thousands have families growing up around them whose property depends upon the continuance of the father's life. Should he die, the income would cease; the children must be withdrawn from school; the mother and elder children must resort to every expedient to sustain the family; and, in many cases, with the utmost exertion, this can not be done; the wife will return to her father for support, and the children, separated, must go the older to seek work, and the younger be distributed among friends. Such reverses befall men the least expecting them. While business is active, and prosperity gives exhilaration and hope, men can hardly be made to feel that they are within a hand's breadth of utter reverse, and that their families may be scattered in a month, by the death of the father. But hard times lead men to think of these things.

Now if a man has insured a sum of one, five or ten thousand dollars upon his life, this anxiety is removed. While he lives, he can support his family. If he dies, ample provision is made for them.

It is every man's duty to provide for his family. That provision must include its future contingent condition. That provision, so far as it is material, men ordinarily seek to secure by their own accumulations and investments. But all these are uncertain. The man rich to-day, is, from causes beyond his reach, poor to-morrow. A war in China, a revolution in Europe, a rebellion in America, overrule ten thousand fortunes in every commercial community. But, *in life insurance there are no risks or contingencies.* Other investments may fail. A house may burn down. Banks may break. Bonds and mortgages may be seized for debt, and all property may fall into the bottomless gulf of bankruptcy. But money secured to your family by life insurance, will go to them without fail or interruption, provided you have selected a sound and honorable insurance company. Of two courses, one of which *may* leave your family destitute, and the other of which *assures* them a comfortable support at your decease, can there be a doubt which is to be chosen?

The benefits of life insurance are not confined to a provision for families, but are as numerous as the various circumstances of individuals. It enables a person to make a provision for a wife, a parent, a child, a friend or domestic, depending on him, and he lives secure, that while his industry is providing for their support, his savings are effectually guarding them against want in the event of his death, thus doing his whole duty toward them instead of only one half of it.

It enables a person to raise money on loans where real security can not be offered, to provide for the prompt payment of his debts in the case of his death, and to secure the eventual payment of doubtful debts.

By it a charitable individual may donate a legacy to some beneficent institution; or a congregation a support to their minister's family in case of his death.

It provides means to reimburse the sum expended in the purchase of any life estate, on the death of the person during whose life it is held; to remove incumbrances, payable on events connected with the termination of life; and secures the return of money paid for education, for capital embarked in business, or other advances made for children or others in the event of their premature death; and, generally, it affords a certain indemnity against any pecuniary loss whatsoever, to which the individual may become subject, by reason of the death of an heir.

It is a subject, then, which concerns the poor as well as the rich, the man living on his income, the mechanic the farmer, the professional man, the merchant—in short all classes of the community.

Surely, such an institution deserves the countenance, the consideration and support of all reflecting men and is doubly recommended, when it is considered how very small a sacrifice of some personal gratification, will secure, by its means, the independence and happiness of a family.

W. H. CROW, Gen'l Agent.
W. B. GULICK, Local Agent for the Ætna Life Insurance Company. Takes risks from the age of 14 to 65.
Dec 2 99-tf

Classical and Mathematical School.

TALLY HO, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL opens on the 2nd Monday in January next. The price of board and tuition is one hundred dollars. Address the principal at Oxford.
T. J. HORNER,
Principal.
Dec. 11 105 3w.

Hillsboro N. C Military Academy.

THE SIXTH SESSION [five months] OF THIS Academy will begin on Monday, the 1st day of January, 1866.
Circulars furnished on application to:
J. B. WHITE,
Superintendent.
Hillsboro, Dec. 5, 1865 5wz.
Standard will please copy.

A LARGE AND GENERAL STOCK
OF
GOODS AT COST!

ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCKS OF GOODS IN THE STATE.

WE WILL SELL THE REMAINDER OF OUR third New and Large Stock of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS, HATS, SHOES AND NOTIONS
AT COST!
Commencing Monday, December 11th, for the purpose of making room for our Spring purchases. The Goods shall be sold at Cost.
☞ No sham or humbug about what we intend to do. Give us a call, and be convinced of the fact.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, December 13 106 3w.

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the second Wednesday in January, 1866.
Louisburg is in Franklin County, N. C., nine miles from Franklinton Station, on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.
Between these points there is a daily stage line, connecting with trains going North and South.
The community in which the College is located, is noted for health social refinement, intelligence and christian morality.
Boarding pupils will be treated as members of the President's family, and their physical welfare, both in health and sickness, will receive strict attention.
The course of study requisite for graduation, will be extensive, grade of scholarship, high; instruction, thorough and systematic. Parents are requested to instruct their daughters, not to pursue more than one or two extra studies in connection with the College course.
Pupils will have access to a good library, and enjoy the benefit of lectures with apparatus for illustrating the experimental sciences.
Government of the pupils will be mild and persuasive, but firm and decided.
Strict attention will be paid the moral and religious culture.
No uniform will be required for the present. Extravagance in dress will not be encouraged. Pupils will not be permitted to contract debts.
Books and stationery will be furnished at the College.
Charges will be the same as those adopted in the Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:

Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of washing and lights,	$50 00
Tuition in regular course including Latin,	20 00
EXTRA STUDIES.	
Music on Piano and Guitar, each,	20 00
French and Drawing, each,	10 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Needle Work,	5 00

The above charges, to be paid in specie, or its equivalent in currency. One half in advance; the remainder at the close of the session. Each pupil will furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and towels.
T. M. JONES.
Dec. 13-106 tf.

SELLING OUT AT COST.

BEING DESIROUS OF MAKING ROOM FOR MY Spring Goods, I now offer to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country, the remainder of my stock, consisting of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes for Gents, Ladies and Misses' Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Hosiery and notions of all kinds.
M. ROSENBAUM,
Pomeroy's Old Stand.
Raleigh, December 13-107—1w.

Goods at Cost,

CONSISTING IN PART OF
Merinos, Delaines,
Alpaccas, Prints,
Irish and Pillow Case Linen, Table Cloths,
Napkins, Domestics,
Nansook, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Hoop Skirts, Balmorals,
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, etc, etc.
These goods are all new, having been purchased during the last season. My old customers and the public generally are invited to call and examine.
JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, December 14-103-1w.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives, and Husbands.

CALL AT PH. THIEM'S STORE AND EXAMINE the largest and handsomest Stock of Fancy Goods, Toys and Confectioneries of all descriptions.
$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.
$ 6,000 worth of Toys and Confectioneries.
$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c.
FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS
which will be sold at the lowest prices.
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE
PH. THIEM'S Beautiful Stock of
CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS
☞ Great inducements to Persons wishing to buy by wholesale.
PH. THEIM.
December 14-108-tf.

House and Lot for Rent.

WILL BE RENTED AT TOWLES' AUCTION and Commission House, on Saturday, December 16th, unless rented privately, that desirable House and Lot on Hargett Street, in the city of Raleigh, formerly the real estate of Wesley Whitaker, deceased. The house contains five good rooms, exclusive of a large and comfortable Attic; and there is a large yard, with all necessary out houses, and about an acre of excellent garden ground.
Terms, cash in advance.
JAMES M TOWLES, Auctioneer.
Raleigh, December 13 4 1-4tpd.

PROPOSITION TO CULTIVATE COTTON ON SHARES.

A PARTY WHO WILL FURNISH GOOD laborers, I will offer very favorable terms to cultivate 300 Acres in cotton. The land is good and is in Edgecombe county. The land, team and provisions for man and beast, with the services of the best manager already secured, and my personal superintendence will be afforded gratuitously, giving a liberal share of the produce. One of the finest Gins and Screws in the country will be used with the working hands.
Proposition open until January 1st, 1866.
JNO L DANCY.
December 13-107 4t

CHARLES A. BAKER. WM. BAKER. CHARLES R. BAKER.

Baker Brothers & Co.,

Manufacturers, Importers and Agents for

BALTIMORE WINDOW GLASS.

Druggists Glassware, Vials Bottles, Jars, &c.

SAL. SODA, SAL SODA, BORAX, ALUM, and other Chemicals.

Paints, Oils, Glue,

Extract of Logwood, Castile Soap, &c., &c.

No. 32 AND 34 S. CHARLES ST.,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Nov. 29-88 3m.

J. D. FLANNER,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT,

Old County Wharf,

Foot of Craven Street,

NEW BERNE, N. C.

October 30-69-3mos.

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

79 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cloth Naval Stores, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, &c. Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Orders solicited for the purchase of Goods

All consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped on all Rail Roads and from all shipping ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not.

Consignments solicited.

THOS. J. SUMNER,	Charlotte,	N C
DANIEL WORTH,	Company Shops,	"
S. G. MURPHY,	New York City,	
ROBERT R. SWEPSON,	" "	
G. W. SWEPSON,	Haw River;	N C
C. P. MENDENHALL,	Greensboro;	"

October 26, 1865-69 tf.

COUMONT, BROOKS & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 8 SOUTH WILLIAM STREET,

NEW YORK.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Represented by

COL. P. FOSTER, Exchange Hotel,

73-2m. Raleigh N. C.

JOHN F. FOARD,

COMMISSION, AUCTION AND FORWARDING *MERCHANT*,

AND AGENT FOR

Selling or Leasing Real Estate,

NEAR OLD COUNTY WHARF

NEWBERN N. C.

REFERENCES.

A T Jerkins, President Bank of Commerce, Newbern; Dr W J Hawkins, late Pres't of R & G R R; Hon N Boyden, Pres't of N C R R, Salisbury; Col Wm Johnston, Pres't Charlotte & S C R R, Charlotte; Hon J M Morehead Greensboro; Rev Dr Deems, Raleigh and Rev W E Poll, editor of *Sentinel* at Raleigh. Oct. 28-71-tf.

C. J. Iredell & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Confectioneries, Fruits, Nuts, Cakes, Toys, &c.

At No. 1 Fayetteville St., N. C. Book Store,

RALEIGH, N. C.

HAVE JUST OPENED A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTment of French and Common Candies, Oranges, Lemons Apples, Raisins, Citron, Currants, Dates, Cocoanuts, Water, Soda and Sugar Crackers, Currant Jelly, &c.

—ALSO—

A fine assortment of French and German Toys, School Satchels, and boys' Tops, of every style and description.

Friends are respectfully invited to call. All will be pleasantly received and promptly waited on.

October 31st, 1865-71-tf.

Winston's Reports.

LAW Reports, June Term,		1864,	$2 25
Equity "	"	"	75
Law "	Oct. & Dec. Terms,	"	2 25
Equity "	December "	"	75

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Raleigh, Nov 25 83-tf.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE THAT well known establishment, the **MACON HOUSE**, Morehead City, N. C. It is admirably located in view of the sea, has ample accommodation, and is especially adapted to a summer business. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine the premises, or address

T. L. HALL,

Morehead City.

Dec. 5-101-2w.

$50 Reward!

HORSE STOLEN.

FROM THE STABLE OF THE SUBSCRIBER, 14 miles southeast of Raleigh, on the Smithfield and Wake Forrest Road, on the night of the 14th instant, a sorrel mare, 15 or 16 hands in height, blaze face, thin mane and tail, three of her feet white, newly shod all round, and moves with a very short quick trot, a little stiff in the right fore leg. She was traced to Raleigh, at which place she was lost sight of. A liberal reward will be given for her return to me, or for any information that may lead to her recovery

JOSEPH BLAKE

Dec. 5-101-tf.

School for Boys.

REV. DR. LACY, Principal.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS SCHOOL WILL BE resumed at the school rooms, north of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, on the first Thursday in January.

Every effort will be made to give boys a thorough preparation for College or for business, and to secure proficiency in each department of study.

Terms made known upon application to the Principal. Payment half in advance. Session, twenty one weeks. 106—3awlljan d

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Notice.

ON TUESDAY THE 19TH DECEMBER, I WILL sell to the highest bidder on a credit of twelve months at my residence 10 miles east of Raleigh, about 200 head of hogs consisting of sows and pigs, sheats, cattle, horses and mules, and many other articles.

Dec. 5 104-tds. N. PRICE.

Wake Forest College.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS COLLEGE will be resumed on Friday, the 12th of January, 1866. Students of all grades—Academic as well as Collegiate—will be admitted. For circulars containing particulars, address

REV. W. ROYALL, Secretary of Faculty

Forestville, N. C.

Selling at Cost!

$20,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS,

consisting of

MERINOS, DELAINES,

ALPACCAS, POPLINS,

ENGLISH & FRENCH CALICOES,

CURTAIN CALICO,

FRENCH W'KD HDK'FS & COLLARS,

BUTTONS, TAPES, &c, &c.

—ALSO—

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, LADIES' HATS, OIL CLOTHS, LADIES' SHOES, HOSIERY, &c.

A very large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Suits $20 to $35.

Ladies' CLOAKS, from $7 to $22.

—ALSO—

20,000 CIGARS---$3 6 to $42 per thousand.

The attention of country merchants is called to this advertisement, as they can supply themselves with goods at New York cost.

GOLDSTEIN & WILSONS'

AT J. C. PALMER'S Store.

RALEIGH, Nov. 29th, 1865-96 tf

PALMER'S PATENT 10,000 IN USE. 1865. 1689 CHESTNUT ST. PHILADELPHIA. ASTOR PLACE, NEW YORK. 19 GREEN ST. BOSTON.

ADDRESS THE INVENTOR,

B. FRANK. PALMER, LL.D. PRES'T. A. A. LIMB, Co.

These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS (or First Prizes) including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibition in London and New York; also he most Honorary Corporation of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Patents place above the ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Dr Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession aided by one of the best qualifications and great experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMBS on active duty while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are by their aid, filling important positions, and often nearly conceal their misfortune

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

To avoid the imposition of Piratical Copyists, apply only to DR. PALMER, as above directed, or to his Agent,

GEO H TAYLOR,

Newbern, N. C.

Dec 5-10 -tf.

Town Property.

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE INCLUDING 18 Rooms with 3 acres of Land attached, and fronting Main Street, in the town of Oxford, is offered for sale.

The beauty and eligibility of the location the excellence of the water and the convenience to schools of highest grade, combine to render this one of the most desirable residences in the State.

JOHN A. WILLIAMS,

Oxford, N. C.

Dec 11-105-sod 3t.

BRANSON & FARRAR,

PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS,

NO 40 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND AN ASSORTment of Standard Books, and the latest publications, consisting of Theological, Historical, and Miscellaneous Books, with a large supply of

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

Call and see. Orders will be promptly filled Books not on hand will be at once obtained, if to be had in the United States.

They also act as Agents for the purchase or sale of any goods in their line of business.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY has deposited with us a large number of Bibles and Testaments for *Sale* or *Donation* at Society rates

BRANSON & FARRAR.

AMONG OUR STOCK may be found Copy Books, Slates, Chalk Crayons Slate Pencils, &c.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

ALSO,

Writing Charts, Spelling Charts, and other improvements for Schools.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

MAPS! MAPS!!

Large Map of North Carolina,	$10 0
Pocket Map of North Carolina,	1 0
Pocket Map of Virginia	2 2
Pocket Map of the United States,	2 0

BRANSON & FARRAR.

STATIONERY.

Foolscap, Letter Paper, Note Paper, Pens, Pencils, Envelopes, Arnold's Writing Fluid, also the Spenarian Fluid.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

JUVENILE BOOKS.

Illustrated, of great variety in styles and prices.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

SHEET MUSIC

constantly kept on hand Also, Blank Books made to order

BRANSON & FARRAR.

BOOK BINDING

Of all kinds, done at short notice, and in the very best style.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Just from the Press,

MARY BARKER,

A thrilling narrative of early life among the Indians of North Carolina. From the gifted pen of "Charlie Vernon."

The book is 72 pages, elegantly printed. Price per hundred $30. Single copies 30 cents.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

The usual deductions made to the Trade.

Call for Catalogues containing prices.

BRANSON & FARRAR,

October 3 9 tf Raleigh N. C.

For Rent at Auction.

ALL OF THE PROPERTY BELONGING TO THE Neuse Manufacturing Company, embracing

GRIST MILL, SAW MILL AND FARM.

It will be offered to the highest bidder on the premises, Saturday, 16th inst., at 11 o'clock. Possession given January 1st, 1866. Terms made known on day of sale.

SION H ROGERS,

W H CROW.

J D ROYSTER.

Dec 12-103 5t

Members of the Legislature

CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH FIRST class Board and Lodging, or Table Board on application at C. J. IREDELL & CO.,

No 1 Fayetteville Street, M. C. Book Store.

Nov 28 86 2w. Raleigh, N. C.

NEW ARRIVAL

OF

Drugs Medicines,

Paints

Oils, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Wines, Brandy, Spices, Extracts, &c., &c.,

AT

Pescud's Drug Store,

ALL WARRANTED FRESH AND PURE,

and will be sold at reduced rates for cash, or in exchange for

FLAX SEED, YELLOW WAX, COTTON AND PROVISIONS.

SYRINGES, Male and Female in great variety at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPIT CUPS, for the Sick Bed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

BED PANS, Male and Female Urinals, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TRUSSES, single & double, in great variety at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PHYSICIANS' Medical Saddle Bags and Pocket cases, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PLANTATION Combs for Darkies, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

30 DOZ. Plantation Bitters very low by the case, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE

SOZODONT, and *Odontalgine*, at reduced price, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, that most delicate and popular perfume at reduced rates, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE

MAGNOLIA WATER certainly the most popular Cologne introduced since the surrender—may be had at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE

ADAMS' Flesh Brushes, the best known for sale at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PURE Cod Liver Oil, various brands at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPICES of all kinds, in great variety, (whole and ground) at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE

STARCH, Indian, Fine Brands of best quality, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

KATHAIRON, Triciphorus, Cocoaine, Phalon's and Webster's Hair Invigorators Black and White Pomatums and Palm Leaf Pomades at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE

CHEROKEE Remedy and Female Pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HEMBOLT'S Smolander's Extract Buchu, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

RADWAY'S Ready Relief, and R. R. Pills, and Perry Davis Pain Killer at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

AYERS', Strong's, Beckwith's, Brandreth's, Deems', Jayne's, and other popular pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MOUNT EAGLE TRIPOLI for cleansing Metals of all kinds, Window Glass and Mirrors, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HECKER'S, Farina, and Corn Starch for Custards, Puddings, and Blanc Mange, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

WOLFF'S Schiedam Schnapps, Pure Old Port and Sherry Wine and Cognac Brandy, selected expressly for medical purposes at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

VERY Superior Green and Black Tea at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CANARY Bird and Kemp Seed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

COSTAR'S Rat, Insect and Bed Bug Exterminator, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TOBIA'S Condition Powders for Horses and PESCUD'S.

PURE Bermuda Arrow Root, and Cox's Gelatine at PESCUD'S.

CHLORIDE LIME in one pound bottles, at PESCUD'S.

KEROSENE Oil and Lamps, at PESCUD'S.

PURE Sperm and Sweet Oil, at PESCUD'S.

ALL kinds of Paints, dry and ground in Oil in assorted packages, at PESCUD'S.

PAINT and Whitewash Brushes, at PESCUD'S.

MUSTANG LINIMENT, McAlister's Ointment, and Gray's Ointment, at PESCUD'S.

AZAMEA and Durkees' Baking Powders, at PESCUD'S.

BATCHELOR'S and Phalon's Hair Dye at PESCUD'S.

LUBIN'S Toilet Powder and Puffs at PESCUD'S.

SUP. Wax Matches, at PESCUD'S.

COCHINEAL and Solution of Tin, at PESCUD'S.

CORKS for Bottles and Vials, at PESCUD'S.

ELIXIR'S Peruvian Bark and Protoxide Iron, at PESCUD'S.

HOSLETTER'S Bitters, at PESCUD'S.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery, at PESCUD'S.

Fresh Garden and Grass Seed,

OF SUPERB QUALITY,

Warranted as represented from R. BUIST, the celebrated Seedsman of Philadelphia, Growth of 1865.

at PESCUD'S

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A large supply of Garden and Grass Seed, of the most choice varieties for sale wholesale and retail

Call and get an Almanac. My friends throughout the State, can send memorandums by the members of the Legislature. P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, Oct 16-69 tf.

NOTICE.

Buying, Selling and Leasing Real Estate.

ALL Persons wishing to buy, sell, or Lease Real Estate, are invited to call upon the subscriber at the Hotel, on the corner of Wilmington and Davie streets, Raleigh, N. C, who promises to give their business his prompt attention, and spare no pains that will enable him to give entire satisfaction

Being so well known to the citizens of Raleigh and Wake County, the undersigned hopes they will not hesitate to put their business in his hands.

GEORGE T. COOKE,

Agent for Wake Co. of the Pioneer Land Office.

sep 2, 1865-34-tf.

JOHN R. DANCY, (Of Tarboro, N. C.) JOHN H. HYMAN. (Late of Scotland Neck, N. C.)

F. M. HYMAN, (Late of Warrenton, N. C.)

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

Commission and Purchasing Merchants.

No. 80 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

HAVING RESUMED OUR OLD BUSINESS, WE are now prepared to receive all kinds of Produce, and to make purchases of Goods and supplies for our friends.

Dr. JOHN ARRINGTON, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

FORWARDING AGENTS:

W. H. McRARY & CO., Wilmington N. C.

HUGHES & DILL, Newbern, N. C

GEORGE H. BROWN, Washington, N. C.

SMITH & BRO., Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 13-82-6m.

Mrs. Reid's Rheumatic Ointment.

INDIAN TOWN, Currituck Co., N. C., Oct. 17, '65.

MRS. S. A. REID:—I take pleasure in stating that I have found *great relief* in the use of your RHEUMATIC OINTMENT.

After suffering *fifteen years*, and trying every remedy I could get, I used your Ointment three weeks only.

As I could not get it after the mails were stopped I have been unable to give it a fair trial, but have suffered very little pain since, and now *do without a stick*, which I have not done for 8 or 10 years.

Very truly yours,

J. F. GARRENTON.

For sale by

D. T. CARRAWAY,	Raleigh,	N. C.
W H Lippitt,	Wilmington,	N C
S J Winslow & Co.	Fayetteville,	"
Primrose & Dillingham,	Newbern,	"
Dr J C Walsh	Kinston	"
M A & C A Santos,	Norfolk, Va.	

7-3 tf

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

GRANVILLE CO., N. C.

FALL SESSION OPENS ON THE 1ST WEDNESday in October.

TERMS, per Session, payable in United States Currency:

Board Washing and general Tuition, including the entire English course,	$100 00
Music, Piano and Guitar, each,	20 00
Ancient and Modern Languages, each,	10 00
Drawing and Painting, each,	15 00
Embroidery and Polish Wax Work,	10 00

Each young lady will bring with her one pair of sheets and pillow cases, and her towels.

For other particulars address

REV C E RIDDICK,

Kittrells Springs, N. C.

October 2-48 3m.

H. C. WHEELER,

OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,

WITH

JAMES PALMER & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN

Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.

No. 439 Market Street,

Philadelphia.

Nov 11 81 6m.

Farriss' Column.

I. X. L.

C. M. FARRISS,

Has just returned from the North with a new Stock of

FALL GOODS,

Selected expressly for this market, consisting in part of

BEAVER CLOTHS,

BROADCLOTHS,

ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CASSIMERES,

SILK MIXED CASSIMERES,

TRICOT CASSIMERES,

BLUE CLOTHS.

CASSIMERES OF ALL COLORS!

CORDUROY,

BLACK SILK VELVETS,

GLOVES AND SCARFS.

SHIRTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!

ARMY HATS,

NAVY CAPS,

RALF HOSE,

SUSPENDERS,

HANDKERCHEIFS, NECK TIES,

LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS,

SHOULDER STRAPS,

MILITARY BUTTONS,

AND LACES

SCARF PINS,

SHOES OF ALL KINDS,

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

Done in the very best style by

C. M. FARRISS and his Superb Cutter,

MR. GRIFFITH.

Suits of every description made to order at the shortest notice and in the very best manner.

What you do not see in my Store, order and you shall have it in the quickest possible time.

C. M. FARRISS.

Raleigh, August 28, 1865. 28-tf

S. D. WALLACE. J. B. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office over A. E. Hall's Store,

No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,

Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6 1865 26-tf.

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

SHAFER & NORWOOD,

Commission Merchants,

No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited.

Order from Merchants Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO

Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Son & Co, Danville and Johnson, Martin & Tatum, Petersburg, Va; F A Vogler, Esq, Salem, N C; R P Richardson, Richmond Co, N C; Seymour Steel, Greensboro, N C E Wilkes, Superintendent R & G R R

GREAT BARGAINS

IN CLOTHS AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends and patrons, and to the Members of the Legislature, and to strangers visiting the City, that he continues to carry on the

TAILORING BUSINESS

at his old stand, where he will be happy to see them and sell them great bargains in his line. He would also call the attention of those of the Military Department wishing to purchase clothing, uniforms or citizens' dress, to the fact that they will find great bargains. In style and taste they cannot be surpassed by any in this city or any other. He deems it unnecessary to say any thing of his own skill in the Tailoring business, but it will suffice to say that his experience has not been for a few years only, but for the last 25 years. He therefore solicits a liberal patronage. Prompt attention will be given to persons wishing to have cutting done. Orders from a distance will be thankfully received and promptly attended to. Call at store No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

MRS FENTRESS has opened a Boarding House next door, about 100 yards from the Capitol, where she will entertain members of the Legislature or transient Boarders.

Nov. 16-85 1m. T. B FENTRESS, Merchant Tailor.

JOHN HUGHES,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NEWBERN, N. C.

50-3m-pd.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandise, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro, Nov. 12 82-tf.

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY call attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of the City, and the public generally, to a large and beautiful stock of goods comprising every thing that is needful to complete a wardrobe.

For cheapness there is none that can compete with the house of Messrs. Bowen & Randall, No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C. Call and examine his goods before you purchase elsewhere, and my word for it you will find cheap goods

A new supply of goods has just been received and he will continue to receive them by every steamer that arrives.

The strictest attention will be paid by Mr. Bowen, the proprietor, and his clerks, to those who give him a call.

Make no mistake. Be certain to call at the store No. 15 Fayetteville Street, on the corner of the vacant square. T. B. FENTRESS.

No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Nov. 16 85-1m.

THE

Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,

CASH ASSETS,

Three Million Dollars

Issue Policies of

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negotiable and Bankable

CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE

Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., Agents.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

PALMER, HARTSOOK & CO.

WHOLESALE

Auction and Commission House,

Cary and Dock Libby Buildings,

RICHMOND, VA.

GOODS SOLD by PACKAGE ONLY.

Proprietors U. S. Bonded Warehouse, No. 1.

GEO S PALMER, late of Wadsworth, Turner & Co. DAN'L J HARTSOOK, late of Howardsville, Va. WM. H. ISAACS, of Wm. B. Isaacs & Co., Bankers.

October 6 5z 3mos.

ALFRED R. BENNETT, JAS. C. VAN PELT, New York. CHAS. H. BENNETT, Raleigh, N. C.

BENNETT, VAN PELT & CO.,

Commission Merchants

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.,

ALSO, FOR THE

Purchase and Sale of State and Other STOCKS,

23 WHITEHALL STREET, NEW-YORK.

We have associated with us Mr. D. W. COURTS, late Public Treasurer for North Carolina.

Aug 30. 20-tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK

OF

NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, N. C.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,

Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,

W. B. Gulick, *Cashier.*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina. 56-1y.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE

Insurance Company,

OF

New Orleans, Louisiana.

CAPITAL, - - - $565 000

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates This Company was organized in January 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz: Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L. W. PEGG, Agent.

Change of Time.

R & G RAILROAD COMPANY,

Superintendent's Office,

Raleigh, N. C, November 4, '65.

Change of Schedule

On and after November 6th, 1865, the trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Leave Raleigh,	4 30 A. M.
Arrive Gaston,	10 30 "

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Leave Gaston,	7 15 P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,	8 15 "

This train connects with all the trains between Greensboro and New York. Passengers by this line have no delays between those points

ALBERT JOHNSON,

76-tf. Superintendent.

Progress, Petersburg Express and Richmond Times copy till forbid.

M. J. Moore,

Of Stokes County, N. C.

WITH

Hood, Bonbright & C.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

Philadelphia.

No. 529 Market Street.

Nov. 9-79-6m.

J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS,

AND

Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE COMpany, New York.

Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.

Peabody Fire Insurance Company Baltimore.

Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.

Wilmington, N C., Sep. 16 3m pd.

W. H. McRARY & CO,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Wilmington, N. C.,

HAVE recently been appointed Agents of the State of North Carolina, of the PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY, and also Agents of the UNADULTERATED FLOUR OF BONE COMPANY.

We expect a supply of these invaluable Fertilizers in a short time and solicit orders for the same from our old customers and farmers generally.

Dec. 6-102-1m.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

DENTIST

RALEIGH, N. C.,

[Office Over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.]

INFORMS the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding counties that he has opened an office at the above well known stand, and is prepared to cleanse, extract and fill, and to insert artificial Teeth, from one to an entire set, on the most improved principles of practice

He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

aug 14.---tlst Jan.

J. D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.

WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,

Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding, and

GENERAL COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.

AGENTS FOR

MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES

BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.

General Vessel Agents.

November 29 98-1y

JAS. F. PURVIS, ISAAC F. PURVIS,

JAS. F. PURVIS, JR. NATHAN H. CRAWFORD.

PURVIS & COMPANY,

Bankers,

No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.

WE TRANSACT THE

GENERAL BANKING, EXCHANGE, MERCANTILE COLLECTION,

AND

STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,

In all their several departments.

We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, in sums to suit.

We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms

Deposits received, and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement.

Nov 16-85-6m PURVIS & CO.

The Bingham School

MEBANESVILLE, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION BEGINS MARCH 7TH, 1866, and continues forty weeks For terms, address, WM. BINGHAM.

Nov. 17-86-tlst jan. Mebanesville, N. C.

JACOB KULL & SONS,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

November 23 91-6m-pd.

To Rail Road Companies.

WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of Taw's Celebrated Car Grease, for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels anary Yellow Rail Road Car Grease.

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO.

Greensboro, October 6-52-tf.

LORILLARD

FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,

OF THE CITY OF

NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $1,312,000.

C. NORWOOD, *Prest,* JNO C. MILLS, *Sec'y.*

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.

November 22 90-tf.

Standard copy till forbid.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO THE LEGIS- for the incorporation of "Kittrell's Female Collegiate Institute."